# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# CITY OF CROSBYTON, TEXAS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION City Council and Administrative Staff		1
FINANCIAL SECTION Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)		4
<u>Basic Financial Statements</u> Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	A-1	13
Statement of Activities	B-1	14
Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	C-1	15
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	C-1R	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental	C-2 s	17
Funds to the Statement of Activities	C-3	18
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	D-1	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows Notes to the Financial Statements	D-2 D-3	20 21 22
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule: General Fund Schedule of Changes in NPL and Related Ratios - TMRS Schedule of Changes in NPL and Related Ratios – TESRS Schedule of Changes in OPEB and Related Ratios – TMRS Schedule of Pension Contributions – TMRS Schedule of OPEB Contributions – TMRS Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	E-1 E-2 E-3 E-4 E-5 E-6	52 53 54 55 56 57 58
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	F-1	60
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Balance Sheet – Component Unit – Pioneer Memorial Museum Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	F-2 F-3	61 62
Balance – Component Unit – Pioneer Memorial Museum Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	F-4 G-1	63 64

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

		Page
	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Number</u>
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in		
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		65

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

March 31, 2021

# CITY COUNCIL

Dusty Cornelius	Mayor
Jim Justus	Councilmember
Abel Reyna	Councilmember
Heidi Hays	Councilmember
Doyle Parrish	Councilmember
Alva Rodriguez	Councilmember
Brad Thornhill	Councilmember

# ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Amy Wallace Cheyanne Flores City Administrator City Secretary FINANCIAL SECTION

# Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

5707 114<sup>th</sup> Street P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

#### Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crosbyton, Texas 221 W. Main Crosbyton, Texas 79322

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crosbyton, Texas, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crosbyton, Texas, as of March 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

-2-

Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and OPEB schedules, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Crosbyton's basic financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 20, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Crosbyton's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Crosbyton's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas July 20, 2021

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Crosbyton's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. Please read this in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. While net position of our business-type activities decreased by \$76,684, net position of our governmental activities increased by \$525,439.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$51,651 more than the \$987,259 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs before transfers.
- In the City's business type activities, charges for services increased \$17,695 to \$753,251 (or 2%) while operating expenses increased \$32,833 to \$679,935.
- The General Fund reported a deficit this year of \$129,415 prior to inter-fund transfers.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$22,842 less than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures for the General Fund were less than the budgeted amounts by \$10,602.

## **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

# **Reporting the City as a Whole -- The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities**

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and changes in it. You can think of the City's net position—the differences between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the *overall health* of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the ambulance, fire, police, sanitation, streets, cemetery, and parks departments, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise taxes, charges to customers, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer services are reported here.

# **Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements**

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. At times, a city council may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes such as special projects or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain Federal or State grants. Currently the City's governmental funds consist of the General Fund, Airport Fund, Court Technology Fee Fund, and the Community Technology and Economic Development Center Fund. The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental* and *proprietary* – use different accounting approaches.

- *Governmental funds*—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in reconciliation on Exhibits C-1R and C-3.
- *Proprietary funds*—When the City charges customers for the services it provides whether to outside customers or to other units of the City—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

# THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position was \$5,069,426. Our following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's government and business-type activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The City's combined net position was \$5,069,426 at March 31, 2021. (See Table A-1).

#### Table A-1 City of Crosbyton's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			В	usiness-type Activities		Total Primary Government			
			Percentage			Percentage			Percentage	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	Change	2021	<u>2020</u>	Change	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	Change	
Current assets:										
Cash and Investments	801,872	804,307	0%	455,560	470,484	-3%	1,257,432	1,274,791	-1%	
Accounts Receivable-Utilities, net	26,927	26,504	2%	66,856	64,553	4%	93,783	91,057	3%	
Taxes Receivable, net	48,470	61,472	-21%	-	-	0%	48,470	61,472	-21%	
Other Current Assets	3,701	5,516	-33%	-	-	0%	3,701	5,516	-33%	
Due from Other Governments	14,108	41,720	-66%	-	-	0%	14,108	41,720	-66%	
Internal Balances	44,495	45,395	-2%	(33,741)	(32,233)	5%	10,754	13,162	-18%	
Total current assets:	939,573	984,914	-5%	488,675	502,804	-3%	1,428,248	1,487,718	-4%	
Noncurrent assets:										
Net Pension Asset	195,022	111,467	100%	98,329	57,566	100%	293,351	169,033	100%	
Unamortized Water Contract Costs	-	-	0%	138,579	144,831	-4%	138,579	144,831	-4%	
Capital Assets, net	2,082,653	1,658,668	26%	1,611,246	1,699,109	-5%	3,693,899	3,357,777	10%	
Total noncurrent assets	2,277,675	1,770,135	29%	1,848,154	1,901,506	-3%	4,125,829	3,671,641	12%	
Total Assets	3,217,248	2,755,049	17%	2,336,829	2,404,310	-3%	5,554,077	5,159,359	8%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Outflows - Pensions & OPEB	15.998	20,189	-21%	4.910	4,516	9%	20,908	24,705	-15%	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,998	20,189	-21%	4,910	4,516	9%	20,908	24,705	-15%	
Current liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	37.098	50.197	-26%	29.468	23,238	27%	66,566	73.435	-9%	
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages	10,967	50,197	100%	29,400	23,230	100%	16,852	73,435	-9% 100%	
	13.328		64%	10.556	- 6.931	52%	23.884	- 15.071	58%	
Compensated Absences Total current liabilities	61,393	8,140 58.337	5%	45,909	30,169	52% 52%	107,302	88,506	21%	
Total current liabilities	01,393	58,337	5%	45,909	30,169	52%	107,302	88,300	21%	
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Customer Deposits	-	-	0%	47,881	46,071	4%	47,881	46,071	4%	
Pension and OPEB Liabilities	82,968	94,873	-13%	19,350	22,162	-13%	102,318	117,035	-13%	
Due within one year	-	-	0%	4,029	4,395	-8%	4,029	4,395	-8%	
Due in more than one year	-	-	0%	147,159	151,554	-3%	147,159	151,554	-3%	
Total noncurrent liabilities	82,968	94,873	-13%	218,419	224,182	-3%	301,387	319,055	-6%	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Insurance Proceeds	-	59,456	-100%	-	-	0%	-	59,456	-100%	
Deferred Inflows - Pensions & OPEB	61,088	60,214	1%	35,782	36,162	-1%	96,870	96,376	1%	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	61,088	119,670	-49%	35,782	36,162	-1%	96,870	155,832	-38%	
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets	2,082,653	1,658,668	26%	1,598,637	1,687,991	-5%	3,681,290	3,346,659	10%	
Restricted For:										
Cemetery Perpetual Care	71,831	71,808	0%	-	-	0%	71,831	71,808	0%	
Specific Purposes	338	14,123	-98%	-	-	0%	338	14,123	-98%	
Unrestricted	872,975	757,759	15%	442,992	430,322	3%	1,315,967	1,188,081	11%	
Total Net Position	3,027,797	2,502,358	21%	2,041,629	2,118,313	-4%	5,069,426	4,620,671	10%	
	· · · · ·									

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased (\$3,027,797 compared to \$2,502,358). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - changed from \$757,759 at March 31, 2020 to \$872,975 at the end of this year. Net position of the City's business-type activities decreased from \$2,118,313 to \$2,041,629.

Program Revenues: Charges for Services Grants & Contributions General Revenues: Property Taxes	<u>2021</u> 320,747 162,158	<u>2020</u> 315,022	Percentage Change	2021	2020	Percentage			Percentage
Charges for Services Grants & Contributions General Revenues: Property Taxes	320,747	<u>2020</u> 315,022		<u>2021</u>					
Charges for Services Grants & Contributions General Revenues: Property Taxes	,	/ -			2020	Change	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	Change
Grants & Contributions General Revenues: Property Taxes	,	/ -							
General Revenues: Property Taxes	162,158		2%	753,251	735,556	2%	1,073,998	1,050,578	2%
Property Taxes		121,617	33%	-	-	0%	162,158	121,617	33%
	284.573	281.958	1%		_	0%	284.573	281.958	1%
Nonproperty Taxes	204,070	210,599	-1%		_	0%	208,191	210,599	-1%
Investment Earnings	3,589	14,997	-76%	_	_	0%	3,589	14,997	-76%
Other	8,001	25,805	-69%			0%	8.001	25,805	-69%
	987,259	969,998	2%	753,251	735,556	2%	1,740,510	1,705,554	2%
Expenses:									
General Government	315,608	290,233	9%		_	0%	315,608	290,233	9%
Public Safety	234,138	179,043	31%	_	_	0%	234,138	179,043	31%
Streets	55,993	51,647	8%			0%	55,993	51,647	8%
Sanitation	254,598	240,389	6%	_	_	0%	254,598	240,389	6%
Health	23.067	42,349	-46%	_	_	0%	23.067	42,349	-46%
Culture and Recreation	107,598	103,714	4%	_	_	0%	107,598	103,714	4%
Airport	20,995	9,043	132%			0%	20,995	9,043	132%
Community Technology & Economic Development	20,333	3,040	152 /0	-	-	070	20,000	3,043	13270
Center	26,913	35,836	-25%	-	-	0%	26,913	35,836	-25%
Interest on L-T Debt	-	-	0%	-	-	0%	-	-	0%
Water and Sewer	-	-	0%	679,935	647,102	5%	679,935	647,102	5%
1	1,038,910	952,254	9%	679,935	647,102	5%	1,718,845	1,599,356	7%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources, Uses &	(64.064)	47 744	2010/	70.046	00.454	470/	04.005	100 100	800/
Transfers	(51,651)	17,744	391%	73,316	88,454	-17%	21,665	106,198	-80%
Insurance Proceeds	427,090	428,446	0%	-	-	0%	427,090	428,446	0%
Transfers In (Out)	150,000	(50,000)	-400%	(150,000)	50,000	400%	-	-	0%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	525,439	396,190	-33%	(76,684)	138,454	-155%	448,755	534,644	-16%
Net Position - Beginning	2,502,358	2,106,168	19%	2,118,313	1,979,859	7%	4,620,671	4,086,027	13%
Net Position - Ending	3,027,797	2,502,358	21%	2,041,629	2,118,313	-4%	5,069,426	4,620,671	10%

Table A-2 Changes in City of Crosbyton's Net Position

The City's total revenues were \$1,740,510. A significant portion, 43%, of the City's total revenue comes from the water and sewer operations. Revenues available to fund governmental activities consist of property taxes (29%), non-property taxes (21%), charges for services (32%), grants and contributions (16%) and other (2%).

The total cost of all programs and services was \$1,718,845; 40% of these costs were for water and sewer production and administration expenses. Expenses for governmental activities consisted of costs for general administration (30%), public safety (23%), streets and services (5%), sanitation (25%), health and welfare (2%), culture and recreation (10%), airport (2%), and the Community Technology and Economic Development Center (3%).

# **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased 2%, while total expenses increased 9%.

- Property tax rates decreased from \$0.7182 to \$0.6925 per \$100 valuation. The ad valorem tax levy for the previous fiscal year was \$279,924, compared to \$268,399 for the current year. Total tax collections increased from \$266,871 in the prior year to \$283,047 in the current year.
- Grant revenues increased \$42,192 or 55%.
- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$1,038,910. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through tax collections was \$284,573 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$320,747), by nonproperty taxes (\$208,191), or proceeds from grants and contributions (\$162,158).

# **Business-type Activities**

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see table A-2) increased by 2% (\$753,251 from \$735,556) and expenses increased by 5% (\$679,935 from \$647,102).

## THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on Exhibit C-1) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$843,038, which is an increase from the prior year's total of \$813,789. The following items effecting fund balance should be noted:

- In the prior year, expenditures were more than revenues by \$34,262 prior to transfers. In the current year, expenditures were more than revenues by \$120,751 prior to transfers.
- The revenues in the governmental funds increased \$43,239 or 5% from the prior period and expenses for governmental funds increased \$154,553 or 15% from the prior period.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City's budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual revenues were \$22,842 less than budgeted amounts and expenditures were \$10,602 less than final budget amounts.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the City had \$8,443,210 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including ambulance and fire equipment, buildings, furniture and equipment, and utilities facilities (see Table A-3). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$564,463, or 7%, over last year.

## Table A-3 Fixed Assets

Governmental <u>Activities:</u> Land Infrastructure	\$	Balance <u>04-01-20</u> 151,215 410,567	<u>Additions</u> - 56,288	Deletions/ <u>Reclassifications</u> -	Balance <u>03-31-21</u> 151,215 466,855
Buildings&		,	,	-	
Improvements		1,958,554	474,968	-	2,433,522
Furniture & Equipment		1,427,123	33,207	-	1,460,330
Accumulated Depreciation	1 <u> </u>	(2,288,790)	(140,479)		(2,429,269)
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,658,669	\$ 423,984	\$ -	\$ 2,082,653

Business-Type		Balance	A 11.	Deletions/	Balance
Activities:		<u>04-01-20</u>	Additions	Reclassifications	<u>03-31-21</u>
Land	\$	2,608	-	-	2,608
Buildings&					
Improvements		85,007	-	-	85,007
Vehicles & Equipment		3,843,673	-	-	3,843,673
		(2 2 2 2 1 0 7)			
Accumulated Depreciation	(	(2,232,187)	(87,863)		(2,320,050)
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,699,101	<u>\$ (87,863)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,611,238</u>

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## Debt

A municipal government can finance activities such as capital improvements and acquisitions through general tax bonds or revenue bonds. Additionally, a government may purchase items through the use of capital leases or notes payable with a financial institution.

The City has a contractual agreement along with 3 other cities to purchase water from White River Municipal Water District. Additionally, each of the 4 cities has a contractual obligation to provide the funding necessary to retire \$1,055,000 of bonded indebtedness held by White River Municipal Water District. Each City is required to pay a monthly fee to fund the retirement of the indebtedness. The City accounts for these payments in the proprietary fund for water & sewer activities. The interest charged to expense in the current fiscal year was \$6,798.

Business-Type Activities:	Balance 04-01-20	Additions	Decreases	Balance <u>03-31-21</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
WRMWD Debt	<u>\$ 155,949</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 4,761</u>	<u>\$ 151,188</u>	<u>\$ 4,029</u>
Total Notes Payable	<u>\$ 155,949</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 4,761</u>	<u>\$ 151,188</u>	<u>\$ 4,029</u>

More detailed information about the City's long-term obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2022 budget, tax rates, and fees. Factors considered include the current economy, property tax values and the needs of the City in the coming year. The Council has adopted tax rates, budgets and set fees accordingly.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary general fund fund balance is not expected to change appreciably by the close of 2022.

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrator at the City's office located in Crosbyton, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2021

		Pri	mai	y Governme					
	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities		Total	Co	omponent Unit	Total Reporting Entity
ASSETS: Cash in Bank - Unrestricted Temporary Investments	\$	626,593 103,448	\$	255,560 200,000	\$	882,153 303,448	\$	627,986 -	\$ 1,510,139 303,448
Accounts Receivable-Utilities, net Taxes Receivable, net Paving Liens, net		26,927 48,470 3,024		66,856 - -		93,783 48,470 3,024		-	93,783 48,470 3,024
Accrued Interest Internal Balances Internal Balances - Component Unit		677 33,741 10,754		- (33,741) -		677 - 10,754		190 - (10,754)	867 - -
Due from Other Governments Noncurrent Assets:		14,108		-		14,108		-	14,108
Net Pension Asset Unamortized Water Contract Costs Land		195,022 - 151,214		98,329 138,579 2,608		293,351 138,579 153,822		37,157 - 14,135	330,508 138,579 167,957
Construction in Progress Infrastructure Buildings & Improvements, net		- 348,676 1,400,544		- - 20,069		- 348,676 1,420,613		- - 749,214	- 348,676 2,169,827
Furniture & Equipment, net Restricted Assets: Cash - Cemetery Contributions		182,219 71,831		1,588,569		1,770,788 71,831		59,352 -	1,830,140 71,831
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,217,248	\$	2,336,829	\$	5,554,077	\$	1,477,280	\$7,031,357
DEFFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Outflows - Pensions	\$	10,689	\$	2,327	\$	13,016	\$	_	\$ 13,016
Deferred Outflows - OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	φ \$	5,309 15,998	φ \$	2,583 2,583 4,910	∳ \$	7,892	\$	1,009 1,009	\$ 13,010 8,901 \$ 21,917
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	37,098	\$	29,468	\$	66,566	\$	4,289	\$ 70,855
Accrued Wages Compensated Absences Noncurrent Liabilities:		10,967 13,328		5,885 10,556		16,852 23,884		2,810 -	19,662 23,884
Net Pension Liability Total OPEB Liability Customer Deposits Due within one year Due in more than one year		32,774 50,194 - -		- 19,350 47,881 4,029 147,159		32,774 69,544 47,881 4,029 147,159		- 8,766 - -	32,774 78,310 47,881 4,029 147,159
Total Liabilities	\$	144,361	\$	264,328	\$	408,689	\$	15,865	\$ 424,554
DEFFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Inflows - Pensions Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	51,931 9,157 61,088	\$	31,471 <u>4,311</u> 35,782	\$	83,402 <u>13,468</u> 96,870	\$ \$	14,126 <u>1,654</u> 15,780	\$ 97,528 <u>15,122</u> \$ 112,650
NET POSITION	¢	2 082 653	¢	1,598,637	¢	3 691 200	¢	922 701	¢ 4 503 001
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted For: Cemetery Perpetual Care	\$	2,082,653 71,831	φ	1,080,007	Φ	3,681,290 71,831	\$	822,701	\$ 4,503,991 71,831
Court Technology Unrestricted <u>Total Net Position</u>	\$	338 872,975 3,027,797	\$	- 442,992 2,041,629	_	338 <u>1,315,967</u> 5,069,426	\$	- 623,943 1,446,644	338 <u>1,939,910</u> \$6,516,070

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended March 31, 2021

		Program Revenues							xpense) Reven nges in Net Pos						
		Fe	es, Fines,	0	perating		Capital		Pri	imary Governme	ent				Total
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for Services		ants and ntributions		rants and ntributions		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	Component Unit	:	Reporting Entity
Government Activities: General Government	\$ 315,608	\$	29,120	\$	87,670	\$	10,000	\$	(188,818)	-		(188,818)		_	(188,818)
Public Safety	234,138	+	11,955	*	12,459	Ŧ	20,000	Ŧ	(189,724)	-		(189,724)		-	(189,724)
Streets	55,993		-		-		-		(55,993)	-		(55,993)		-	(55,993)
Sanitation	254,598		241,729		-		-		(12,869)	-		(12,869)		-	(12,869)
Health and Welfare	23,067		16,670		-		-		(6,397)	-		(6,397)		-	(6,397)
Culture and Recreation Airport	107,598 20,995		8,982 12,291		4,029		-		(94,587) (8,704)	-		(94,587) (8,704)		-	(94,587) (8,704)
Community Technology and Economic	20,995		12,291		-		-		(0,704)	-		(0,704)		-	(0,704)
Development Center Interest on Long-Term Debt	26,913		-		28,000		-		1,087	-		1,087		-	1,087
Total Governmental Activities	1,038,910		320,747		132,158		30,000		(556,005)			(556,005)			(556,005)
Business-type Activities	1,000,010	_	020,111	_	102,100	_	00,000	_	(000,000)		_	(000,000)		= :	(000,000)
Water and Sewer	679,935		753,251		-		-		-	73,316		73,316		-	73,316
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,718,845	\$	1,073,998	\$	132,158	\$	30,000	\$	(556,005)	\$ 73,316	\$	(482,689)	\$		\$ <u>(482,689</u> )
Component Unit:															
Pioneer Memorial Museum	\$ 167,557	\$	9,380	\$	262,348	\$	-						\$ 104,17	1	\$ 104,171
General Revenues															
Property Taxes, L	evied for Gene	ral Pu	urpose						284,573	-		284,573		-	284,573
Sales Taxes									125,718	-		125,718		-	125,718
Franchise Taxes									80,537	-		80,537		-	80,537
Other Taxes									1,936	-		1,936	0.40	-	1,936
Investment Earnir Miscellaneous	ngs								3,589 8,001	-		3,589 8,001	2,12	2	5,711
Gain on Sale of Ass	ote								8,001	-		0,001	8,52	-	8,001 8,521
Transfers	5012								150,000	(150,000)			0,02	-	0,521
Extraordinary Items	s'								100,000	(100,000)					
Insurance Procee									427,090			427,090			427,090
Total General Re	evenues, Trans	fers, a	and Extrao	rdina	ry Items				1,081,444	(150,000)		504,354	10,64	3	514,997
Change in Net Po	osition								525,439	(76,684)		448,755	114,81	4	563,569
Net Position Be	eginning								2,502,358	2,118,313		4,620,671	1,331,83	0	5,952,501
Net Position Er	nding							\$	3,027,797	\$ 2,041,629	\$	5,069,426	<u> </u>	4	\$ 6,516,070

# EXHIBIT C-1

#### CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2021

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Temporary Investments Taxes Receivable, net	\$    574,520 103,448 48,470	\$ 52,073 - -	\$ 626,593 103,448 48,470
Accounts Receivable, net (allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$3,861) Paving Liens, net Accrued Interest Due from Other Funds Due from Component Unit Due from Other Governments	26,927 3,024 677 37,859 10,754 14,108	- - 4,077 - -	26,927 3,024 677 41,936 10,754 14,108
Restricted Assets: Cash Cemetery Contributions	71,831	<u> </u>	71,831
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 891,618</u>	\$ 56,150	<u>\$ 947,768</u>
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Due to Other Funds <u>Total Liabilities</u> DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes <u>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	\$ 36,981 9,967 4,077 51,025 48,470 48,470	\$ 117 1,000 <u>4,118</u> 5,235 	\$ 37,098 10,967 8,195 56,260 48,470 48,470
FUND BALANCES: Restricted For: Cemetery Perpetual Care Court Technology Committed for: Disaster Relief Airport Community Technology & EDC Assigned for: Property Management Unassigned <u>Total Fund Equities</u>	71,831 - 8,201 - - 7,106 704,985 792,123	338 - 41,940 8,637 - - 50,915	71,831 338 8,201 41,940 8,637 7,106 704,985 843,038
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 891,618</u>	<u>\$ 56,150</u>	<u>\$ 947,768</u>

-16-

## CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 843,038
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds	48,470
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,082,653
Compensated absences liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities	(13,328)
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$162,248, a deferred resource outflow related to Pensions in the amount of \$14,219, and a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$50,317. This resulted in an increase in net position by \$126,150.	121,006
Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$50,194, a deferred resource outflow related to OPEB in the amount of \$5,309, and a deferred resource inflow of \$9,157. This resulted	
in a decrease in net position by \$54,042.	 (54,042)
Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,027,797

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES---GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

		eneral Fund	Gove	Other ernmental <sup>-</sup> und	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES:	<b>^</b>	007 575	•		•	007 575
Property Taxes (Including Penalty & Interest)	\$	297,575	\$	-	\$	297,575
Sales Taxes		125,718		-		125,718
Franchise Taxes		80,537		-		80,537
Other Taxes		1,936		-		1,936
Fees and Fines		20,166		289		20,455
Licenses and Permits		3,873		-		3,873
Charges for Services Rents and Concessions		258,829 19,064		- 12,291		258,829 31,355
Investment Income				12,291		-
Intergovernmental		3,587 11,718		28,000		3,589 39,718
Grants		118,411		20,000		118,411
Donations		4,029		-		4,029
Property Management		6,235		_		6,235
Miscellaneous		8,000		-		8,000
				40,582		1,000,260
Total Revenues		959,678		40,362		1,000,200
EXPENDITURES Current						
General Government		352,097		-		352,097
Public Safety		240,799		1,590		242,389
Streets		93,983		-		93,983
Sanitation		261,381		-		261,381
Health and Welfare		21,201		-		21,201
Culture and Recreation		129,957		-		129,957
Community Technology and Economic						
Development Center		10,000		26,913		36,913
Airport		-		3,415		3,415
Capital Outlay		12,500		-		12,500
<u>Total Expenditures</u>		1,121,918		31,918		1,153,836
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(162,240)		8,664		(153,576)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In/(Out)		150,000		-		150,000
Sale of Property		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		150,000		-		150,000
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS						
Insurance Proceeds - Storm Damages		427,090		-		427,090
Capital Expenditures - Storm Damages		(394,265)		-		(394,265)
Total Extraordinary Items		32,825		-		32,825
<u></u>						
Net Change in Fund Balances		20,585		8,664		29,249
Fund BalanceBeginning of Year		771,538		42,251		813,789
Fund BalanceEnd of Year	\$	792,123	\$	50,915	\$	843,038

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ 29,249
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.	564,463
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amour of current depreciation on these assets.	(140,478)
Certain property tax revenues are unavailable in the funds. These are the amounts that have not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts have changed during the current period.	(13,002)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds compensated absences are recognized when paid. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, compensated absences are reported as it accrues.	(5,188)
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$8,475. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the 2021 fiscal year were also expended in the 2021 fiscal year and recorded as an increase in net pension expense for the District. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$9,168. The District's proportionate share of the pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded as an expense. The net pension expense increased the change in net position \$95,046. The result of these amounts is to increase the change in net position by \$94,353	94,353
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 12/31/20 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,019. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the 2021 fiscal year were also expended in the 2021 fiscal year and recorded as an increase in net OPEB expense for the City. This caused the changed in ending net position to decrease \$396. The City's proportionate share of the OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded as an expense. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position \$563. The result of these amounts is to increase the change in net position by \$1,186.	1,186
Change in Net Position Statement of Activities	\$ 530,583

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND March 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds
	Water & Sewer
ASSETS <u>Current Assets:</u> Cash Temporary Investments Accounts Receivable, net (allowance for	\$ 255,560 200,000
uncollectible accounts of \$12,384) Due from Other Funds	66,856
Total Current Assets	522,416
Noncurrent Assets: Net Pension Asset Unamortized Water Contract Costs Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements, net	98,329 138,579 2,608 - 20,069
Vehicles, Equipment and Furniture, net Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,588,569</u> 1,848,154
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,040,134
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,370,570
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB <u>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>	\$ 2,327 2,583 \$ 4,910
LIABILITIES <u>Current Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Due to Other Funds Compensated Absences Customer Deposits <u>Total Current Liabilities</u> <u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u> Net Pension Liability	\$ 29,468 5,885 33,741 10,556 47,881 127,531
Total OPEB Liability Due within one year Due in more than one year <u>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</u> <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	19,350 4,029 147,159 170,538 298,069
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB <u>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>	\$ 31,471 4,311 \$ 35,782
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted <u>Total Net Position</u>	1,598,637 442,992 2,041,629

EXHIBIT D-2

## CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION--PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

Operating RevenuesWater & SewerWater Sales\$ 592,710Sewer Charges136,594Tapping Fees and Late Payment Penalties20,268Other3.679Total Operating Revenues753,251Operating Expenses264,332Production Expenses224,988Distribution Expenses224,988Amortization6,252Depreciation89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Revenues (Expenses)673,137Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers-Capital Contributions and Transfers-Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313Net Position - Beginning2,118,313Net Position, End of Year\$ 2,041,629		A	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Water & Sewer	
Water Sales\$ 592,710Sewer Charges136,594Tapping Fees and Late Payment Penalties20,268Other3,679Total Operating Revenues753,251Operating Expenses264,332Production Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Revenues (Expenses)673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313		Wat		
Sewer Charges136,594Tapping Fees and Late Payment Penalties20,268Other3,679Total Operating Revenues753,251Operating Expenses264,332Distribution Expenses264,332Distribution Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contribution - Grants(150,000)Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313		¢	502 710	
Tapping Fees and Late Payment Penalties20,268Other3,679Total Operating Revenues753,251Operating Expenses264,332Production Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Revenues (Expenses)673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313		Ψ		
Other3,679Total Operating Revenues753,251Operating Expenses753,251Operating Expenses264,332Distribution Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITIONNet Position - Beginning2,118,313				
Operating Expenses264,332Production Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)6(,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313				
Production Expenses264,332Distribution Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Capital Contribution - Grants(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Total Operating Revenues		753,251	
Distribution Expenses224,988Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Capital Contribution - Grants(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Operating Expenses			
Administrative Expenses89,702Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Total Contribution - Grants(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	•			
Amortization6,252Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Total Contribution - Grants(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313	•		,	
Depreciation87,863Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)80,114Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers-Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	•		,	
Total Operating Expenses673,137Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers-Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313				
Operating Income (Loss)80,114Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers73,316Contribution - Grants(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	•			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers.Capital Contribution - Grants.Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Total Operating Expenses		673,137	
Interest Expense(6,798)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers73,316Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Operating Income (Loss)		80,114	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)(6,798)Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers73,316Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313				
Income Before Contributions and Transfers73,316Contributions and Transfers-Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION2,118,313	•			
Contributions and TransfersCapital Contribution - GrantsTransfer from/(to) Other FundsTotal Contributions and TransfersChange in Net PositionChange in Net PositionNET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(6,798)	
Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Income Before Contributions and Transfers		73,316	
Capital Contribution - Grants-Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313	Contributions and Transfers			
Transfer from/(to) Other Funds(150,000)Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313			_	
Total Contributions and Transfers(150,000)Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313			(150.000)	
Change in Net Position(76,684)NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning2,118,313				
NET POSITIONNet Position - Beginning2,118,313			(100,000)	
Net Position - Beginning 2,118,313	Change in Net Position		(76,684)	
Net Position - Beginning 2,118,313	NET POSITION			
Net Position, End of Year <u>\$ 2,041,629</u>			2,118,313	
	Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	2,041,629	

#### EXHIBIT D-3

-21-

#### CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS--PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

	Act	ess-Type ivities rise Funds
	Water	& Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Receipts from Customers	\$	752,758
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees		(437,715) (169,916)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating		(100,010)
Activities		145,127
Orah Elaur fara Nan Oraital Eireanaire Astivitian		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers to Other Funds		(150,000)
Change in Due to Other Funds		1,508
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital		
Financing Activities		(148,492)
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activites:		
Acquisition of Capital Assets		-
Payments on Debt Acquired for Capital Assets		(11,559)
Contributed Capital		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital &		(( = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Related Financing Activites		(11,559)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(14,924)
Cash & Cash EquivalentsBeginning of Year		470,484
Cash & Cash EquivalentsEnd of Year	\$	455,560
Reconciliaton of Operating Income (Loss) to		
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	80,114
Adjustments to Reconcile to Net Cash	Ψ	00,114
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Amortization		6,252
Depreciation		87,863
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Asset		(2,303) (40,763)
(Increase) Decrease in Total OPEB Liability		(40,703) (2,812)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		17,550
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Outflows		(394)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows		(380)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating	¢	445 407
Activities	\$	145,127

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2021

#### Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Crosbyton have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

## 1. <u>The Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Crosbyton, Texas was chartered under the provisions of the State of Texas on November 21, 1917. The citizens elect the mayor at large and six council members by wards. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary government and component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City.

## 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the over-reporting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 March 31, 2021

#### Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Component Unit: This fund reports the activities of the Pioneer Memorial Museum. The city council appoints the Museum's board of directors and approves its annual budgets. The Component Unit is discretely presented because the Component Unit's board of trustees is comprised of board members only from the primary government and those who were appointed by the primary government. Also, the Component Unit has the potential to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 March 31, 2021

#### Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and accounting. available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus utilizing the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The fund equity is segregated in net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

c. Fund Balance Classification

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Currently, the City's restricted fund balances are made up of \$71,831 restricted by donors for Cemetery perpetual care and \$338 restricted for Court Technology.

<u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Currently, the City has fund balances committed of \$8,201 for disaster relief, \$41,940 for the airport, and \$8,637 committed for the Community Technology and Economic Development Center.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 March 31, 2021

## Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c. Fund Balance Classification (continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

The District reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned/Unrestricted resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

## 3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments purchased with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1<sup>st</sup> for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1<sup>st</sup> of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of March 31, 2021, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$73,807. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 March 31, 2021

## Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The City has elected not to retroactively report its infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets acquired after the implementation of GASB 34 will be capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

- ..

. .

es
<u>38</u>

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the period end.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 March 31, 2021

## Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees eligible or expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Governmental Funds: In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 March 31, 2021

## Note B: Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violations</u>	Action Taken
None Reported	Not Applicable

## Note C: Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

## Cash Deposits

At March 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing saving accounts included in temporary investments) was \$1,257,431 and the bank balance was \$1,270,754. The City's cash deposits at March 31 and during the year then ended, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

## **Investments**

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 March 31, 2021

#### Note C: Deposits and Investments (continued)

State statutes and Council policy authorize the City to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; 3) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas; 4) obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies; 5) other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the state of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities; 6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and 7) public funds investment pools. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the FDIC or obligations of items 1-4 above at 102% of the investment's market value.

The City's investments at March 31, 2021 included certificates of deposit (\$393,459), and investment pools (\$303,448).

Investment Pool	Fund Rating (Standard & Poor's)	Wtd Average <u>Maturity</u>	Amount
Texpool	AAAm	30 Days	\$ 303,448

## Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of now lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The City's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 March 31, 2021

## Note C: Deposits and Investments (continued)

#### Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 March 31, 2021

# Note D: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the period ended March 31, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities: Land Infrastructure Buildings& Improvements Furniture & Equipment Total Capital Assets	Balance <u>4-01-20</u> \$ 151,215 410,567 1,958,554 <u>1,427,123</u> \$ 3,947,459	Additions 56,288 474,968 <u>33,207</u> \$564,463	Deletions/ Reclassifications - - - - \$ -	Balance <u>3-31-21</u> \$ 151,215 466,855 2,433,522 <u>1,460,330</u> <u>\$ 4,511,922</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Infrastruture Buildings& Improvements Furniture & Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	<pre>\$ 104,462 958,926 1,225,402 \$ 2,288,790 \$ 1,658,669</pre>	\$ 13,717 74,052 52,710 \$ 140,479 \$ 423,984	- - - \$ \$	\$ 118,179 1,032,978 1,278,112 \$ 2,429,269 \$ 2,082,653
Business-Type Activities: Land Buildings& Improvements Vehicles, Machinery & Furniture & Fixtures Total Capital Assets	Balance <u>4-01-20</u> \$ 2,608 85,007 <u>3,843,673</u> <u>\$ 3,931,288</u>	<u>Additions</u> - - <u>-</u> \$	Deletions/ <u>Reclassifications</u> - - <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	Balance <u>3-31-21</u> \$ 2,608 85,007 <u>3,843,673</u> <u>\$ 3,931,288</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 March 31, 2021

# Note D: Capital Assets (continued)

Less Accumulated Depreciation:	Balance <u>4-01-20</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions/ <u>Reclassifications</u>	Balance <u>3-31-21</u>
Buildings& Improvements Vehicles, Machinery & Furiture & Fixtures Total Accumulated	\$     63,047 <u>    2,169,140</u>	\$    1,892 <u>    85,971</u>	-	\$    64,939 <u>2,255,111</u>
Depreciation	<u>\$ 2,232,187</u>	<u>\$ 87,863</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$2,320,050</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 1,699,101</u>	<u>\$ (87,863)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$1,611,238</u>
Component Unit: Land Buildings& Improvements Vehicles, Machinery & Furniture & Fixtures Total Capital Assets	Balance <u>4-01-20</u> \$ 14,135 1,378,308 <u>234,714</u> <u>\$ 1,627,157</u>	<u>Additions</u> - 38,200 <u>32,308</u> \$ 70,508	Deletions/ <u>Reclassifications</u> - (70,000) <u>-</u> \$ (70,000)	Balance <u>3-31-21</u> \$ 14,135 1,346,508 <u>267,022</u> <u>\$ 1,627,665</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:	Balance <u>4-01-20</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance <u>3-31-21</u>
Buildings& Improvements Vehicles, Machinery &	\$ 579,889	\$ 35,925	(18,521)	\$ 597,293
Furiture & Fixtures	200,847	6,823		207,670
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 780,736</u>	<u>\$ 42,748</u>	<u>\$ (18,521)</u>	<u>\$ 804,963</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 846,421</u>	<u>\$ 27,760</u>	<u>\$ (51,479)</u>	<u>\$ 822,702</u>

# Depreciation was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 22,969
Public Safety	38,926
Streets	18,298
Sanitation	7,719
Health & Welfare	1,866
Culture and Recreation	43,121
Airport	7,580
Water and Sewer	87,863
	<u>\$228,342</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 March 31, 2021

#### Note E: Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund balances at March 31, 2021 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

Fund	Due from <u>Other Funds</u>	Due to <u>Other Funds</u>
<u>General Fund:</u> Special Revenue Funds Proprietary Fund Component Unit	\$     4,118 33,741 <u>        10,754</u>	\$     4,077 
Total General Fund	48,613	4,077
<u>Special Revenue Fund:</u> General Fund	4,077	4,118
<u>Proprietary Fund:</u> General Fund		33,741
<u>Component Unit:</u> General Fund		10,754
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$ 52,690</u>	<u>\$     52,690</u>

These interfund receivables and payables arise out of the normal course of business where the general fund is owed for operating expenses paid for the other funds. All balances are expected to be paid within one year.

#### Note F: Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended March 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

Fund	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<u>General Fund:</u> Proprietary Fund	150,000	
Total General Fund	<u> </u>	
<u>Proprietary Fund:</u> General Fund <u>Total</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 150,000</u>	<u> </u>

These interfund transfers represent cash flow transfers from the water & sewer fund in the normal course of business.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13 March 31, 2021

#### Note G: Long-Term Obligations

Short term loans are accounted for through the applicable fund. General Fund proceeds from loans (except those issued and retired during the current year) are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources and principal payments as expenditures. Enterprise fund loans are shown in the appropriate fund.

The City has a contractual agreement along with 3 other cities to purchase water from White River Municipal Water District. Additionally, each of the 4 cities has a contractual obligation to provide the funding necessary to retire \$1,055,000 of bonded indebtedness held by White River Municipal Water District. Each City is required to pay a monthly fee to fund the retirement of the indebtedness. The City accounts for these payments in the proprietary fund for water & sewer activities. The interest charged to expense in the current fiscal year was \$6,798.

Interest expense incurred during the current fiscal year was \$0 for governmental activities and \$6,798 for business-type activities.

<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities:</u> Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability-TMRS Net Pension Liability-TESRS Total OPEB Liability	Beginning <u>Balance</u> \$ 8,140 (111,467) 5 38,833 56,040	<u>Increases</u> \$5,188 - 2,119 -	83,555	\$ 13,3 (195,0 32,7	328 22) 74
<u>Total Governmental</u> <u>Funds:</u>	<u>\$ (8,454)</u>	<u>\$ 7,307</u>	<u>\$ 97,579</u>	<u>\$ (98,72</u>	<u>26)</u>
Business-Type Activities: Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability-TMRS Total OPEB Liability WRMWD Debt: Revenue Bonds-	Beginning <u>Balance</u> \$ 6,931 (57,566) 22,162	<u>Increases</u> \$ 3,625 - -	<u>Decreases</u> \$ - 40,763 2,812	Ending <u>Balance</u> \$ 10,556 (98,329) 19,350	Due Within <u>One Year</u> \$ - - -
Series 2013	<u>\$ 155,949</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$     4,761</u>	<u>\$ 151,188</u>	<u>\$ 4,029</u>
<u>Total Business-Type</u> <u>Funds:</u>	<u>\$ 127,476</u>	<u>\$ 3,625</u>	<u>\$ 48,336</u>	<u>\$ 82,765</u>	<u>\$ 4,029</u>

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows:

The general fund is used to liquidate the governmental activities long-term debt and the water and sewer fund liquidates the business-type activities long-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 March 31, 2021

# Note G: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Debt Service Requirement	<u>s Prop</u>	<u>prietary Fund</u>
Year Ending March 31,	Principa	l Interest
2022	4,029	5,643
2023	4,395	6,041
2024	4,395	5,908
2025	5,128	5,767
2026	5,274	5,593
2027-2031	28,860	24,902
2032-2036	34,867	18,581
2037-2041	42,778	10,500
2042-2044	21,462	1,561
Total	<u>\$ 151,188</u>	\$ 84,496

Component Unit:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Net Pension Liability-TMRS	\$ (22,181)	\$ -	\$ 14,976	\$ (37,157)
Total OPEB Liability	<u>9,798</u>	-	<u>1,032</u>	<u>8,766</u>
Total	\$ (12,383)	\$ -	\$ 16,008	\$(28,391)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 March 31, 2021

#### Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The City of Crosbyton participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8 Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

#### Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the Member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the Member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring Member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total Member contributions and interest.

	<u>Plan Year 2020</u>	<u>Plan Year 2019</u>
Employee deposit rate	6.0%	6.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100%	100%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 March 31, 2021

#### Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	11
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active employees	<u>11</u>
Total	38

#### **Contributions**

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of the Member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150% or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City of Crosbyton were required to contribute 6% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Crosbyton were 5.02% and 4.15% in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended March 31, 2021 were \$18,760, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 March 31, 2021

#### Note H: <u>TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.00%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	4.14%
Real Return	10.00%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.75%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 18 March 31, 2021

#### Note H: <u>TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)</u>

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive Members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Change in the Net Pension Liability

	otal Pension Liability (a)	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	١	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/19	\$ 1,379,221	\$ 1,570,437	\$	(191,216)
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	44,914			44,914
Interest	90,561			90,561
Change of benefit terms				
Difference between expected and actual experience	(114,433)			(114,433)
Changes of assumptions				-
Contributions - employer		19,283		(19,283)
Contributions - employee		23,052		(23,052)
Net investment income		118,802		(118,802)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(120,071)	(120,071)		-
Administrative expense		(771)		771
Other changes	 	 (32)	_	32
Net changes	 (99,029)	 40,263		(139,292)
Balance at 12/31/20	\$ 1,280,192	\$ 1,610,700	\$	(330,508)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease in			1	% Increase in
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Γ	Discount Rate
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$	(206,670)	\$	(330,508)	\$	(434,995)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 19 March 31, 2021

#### Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

#### <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the city recognized pension expense of \$(131,410).

At March 31, 2021, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferr	ed Inflows of
	of R	of Resources		esources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	-	\$	48,287
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	-	\$	-
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measure	\$	-	\$	44,891
date December 31, 2019	\$	4,235	\$	
Total	\$	4,235	\$	93,178

\$4,235 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending March 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Dec 31:	
2021	\$ (65,980)
2022	3,025
2023	(27,662)
2024	(2,561)
2025	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ (93,178)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 20 March 31, 2021

#### Note I: TESRS-Pension

The City provides volunteer firefighters with pension coverage through the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS).

#### Plan Description

The TESRS administers a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system (the System) established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. The System is governed by a nine-member board of trustees, with at least five of the trustees being active members of the pension system, one of whom must represent emergency medical services personnel. One trustee may be a retiree of the pension system, and three trustees must be persons who have experience in the fields of finance, securities investment, or pension administration. The System issues a stand-alone financial report that is available to the public at <u>www.tesrs.org</u>. The System operates on a fiscal year ending August 31, 2020 being the latest available financial data. At August 31, 2020, there were 238 contributing fire and/or emergency services department members participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a member department. On August 31, 2020, the pension system membership consisted of:

	System
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3837
Terminated members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	1787
Active participants (vested and nonvested)	<u>3634</u>
Total	9258

#### **Benefits Provided**

Senate Bill 411, 65<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session (2005), re-codified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 21 March 31, 2021

#### Note I: TESRS-Pension (continued)

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount or continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

#### Funding Policy

Contributions are made by the City for the emergency services personnel. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of the System, nor are they allowed. The City is required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services (this minimum contribution is \$36 per member and the City may make a higher monthly contribution for its volunteers). This is referred to as a Part One contribution, which is the legacy portion of the System contribution that directly impact future retiree annuities.

The State is required to contribute an amount necessary to make the System "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

The board rule defining contributions was amended in 2014 to add the potential for actuarially determined Part Two contributions that would be required only if the expected future annual contributions from the State are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation. This Part Two portion, which is actuarially determined as a percent of the Part One portion (not to exceed 15%), is to be actuarially adjusted every two years based on the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, Part Two contributions are not required for an adequate contribution arrangement.

Additional contributions may be made by governing bodies within two years of joining the System, to grant up to 15 years of credit for prior service per member. Prior service must have occurred before the department began participation in the System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 22 March 31, 2021

#### Note I: TESRS-Pension (continued)

#### Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by board rule, and there is no maximum contribution rate. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2020, total contributions of \$3,755,240 were paid into TESRS by the political subdivisions served by the member volunteer emergency services personnel. The State appropriated \$1,329,224 for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2020. The City contributed \$6,368 to the System during its fiscal year ending March 31, 2021.

The purpose of the biennial actuarial valuation is to determine if the contribution arrangement is adequate to pay the benefits that are promised. Actuarial assumptions are disclosed below.

The most recently completed biennial actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020 stated that TESRS has an adequate contribution arrangement for the benefit provisions recognized in the valuation based on the expected total contributions, including the expected contributions both from the governing body of each participating department and from the state. The expected contributions from the state are state appropriations equal to (1) the maximum annual contribution (one-third of all contributions to TESRS by governing bodies of participating departments in a year) as needed in accordance with state law governing TESRS and (2) approximately \$675,000 each year to pay for part of the System's administrative expenses.

#### Net Pension Liability

The System's net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020.

	<u>System</u>	City	<u>of Crosbyton</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 150,440,543	\$	195,573
Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 125,229,661	\$	162,799
Net pension liability	\$ 25,210,882	\$	32,774
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.24%		83.24%
or the total pension hability	05.2470		03.2470

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00% per year
Overall payroll growth	N/A
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 23 March 31, 2021

#### Note I: TESRS-Pension (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 (public safety) below-median income mortality tables for employees and for retirees, projected for mortality improvement generationally using projection scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future net real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage (currently 4.6%) and by adding expected inflation (3.00%). In addition, the final 7.5% assumption was selected by rounding down. The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Net Real Rate of Return
Equities		
Large cap domestic	20.00%	5.83%
Small/mid cap domestic	10.00%	5.94%
Developed international	15.00%	6.15%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	7.25%
Global infrastructure	5.00%	6.41%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.48%
Multi asset income	5.00%	3.84%
Fixed Income	30.00%	1.99%
Cash	<u>0.00%</u>	0.00%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) in 30 years using the level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the amortization method, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 24 March 31, 2021

#### Note I: TESRS-Pension (continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, in comparison to what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in				1%	6 Increase in
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		D	iscount Rate
		(6.5%)		(7.5%)		(8.5%)
System's net pension liability	\$	48,573,075	\$	25,210,882	\$	8,978,976
City's net pension liability	\$	63,145	\$	32,774	\$	11,673

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TESRS annual financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at <u>www.tesrs.org</u>.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

\$5,868 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending March 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Aug 31:	
2021	\$ (1,394)
2022	(286)
2023	1,126
2024	(883)
2025	-
Thereafter	 
Total	\$ (1,437)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 25 March 31, 2021

# Note I: <u>TESRS-Pension (continued)</u>

# Change in Net Pension Liability

	Measurement Date August 31, 2020			st 31, 2020
		System	City	of Crosbyton
Total Pension Liability			(alloc	ation 0.13%)
Service cost		1,865,886		2,426
Interest		10,999,273		14,299
Change of benefit terms		2,988,966		3,886
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,965,137)		(2,555)
Changes of assumptions		(67,820)		(88)
Change in Proportionate Share of Pension Liability		-		24,284
Benefit payments		(6,881,663)		(8,946)
Net change in total pension liability		6,939,505		33,306
Total pension liability - beginning		143,501,039		162,267
Total pension liability - ending	\$	150,440,544	\$	195,573
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions for members		3,755,240		4,882
Contributions by the State		1,329,224		1,728
Net investment income		12,191,811		15,849
Benefit payments		(6,881,663)		(8,946)
Administrative expense		(320,427)		(417)
Change in Proportionate Share		-		12,984
Net change in fiduciary net position		10,074,185		26,080
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		115,155,476		136,719
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	125,229,661	\$	162,799
Net pension liability - ending	\$	25,210,883	\$	32,774
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.24%		83.24%

#### Schedule of Investment Returns

	Annual Money-Weighted
Fiscal Year Ending	<u>Net Real Rate of Return</u>
August 31, 2013	13.84%
August 31, 2014	14.92%
August 31, 2015	-3.58%
August 31, 2016	5.57%
August 31, 2017	10.32%
August 31, 2018	10.86%
August 31, 2019	1.00%
August 31, 2020	10.74%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 26 March 31, 2021

#### Note J: Supplemental Death Benefits Plan

1. Plan Description

The City participates in the single-employer unfunded defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1. The SDBF had 777 participating cities on December 31, 2020.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the fiduciary net position of the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is available in the separately-issued TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>http://www.tmrs.com</u> or by writing to TMRS at P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153.

3. Benefits Provided

The death benefit for active Members provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the Member's annual salary (calculated based on the Members's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retiree is an "other post-employment benefit" ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. The obligations of this plan are payable only from the SDBF and are not an obligation of the Pension Trust Fund. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	<u>11</u>
Total	22

#### 4. Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF monthly based on the covered payroll of employee members. The required contribution rate is actuarially determined annually for each city. The rate is based on the mortality and service experience of all employees covered by the SDBF and the demographics specific to the workforce of the city. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the employer contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund. The TMRS Act requires allocation from the Interest Reserve Account to the SDBF on an annual basis. The funding policy of this SDBF is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 27 March 31, 2021

#### Note J: Supplemental Death Benefits Plan (continued)

As such, contributions fund the covered active Member and retiree deaths on a pay-asyou-go basis; any excess contributions and investment income over payments then become net position available for benefits.

<u>Contribution Rates</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
City	0.77%	1.62%
Current Fiscal Year Employer Contributions	\$ 3,	888

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

nmary of Actuarial Methods and Assumption Valuation Date	
	December 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Discount Rate*	2.00%*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and
	accounted for under reporting
	requirements under GASB Statement No. 68
Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas
	Mortality Tables. The rates are
	projected on a fully generational basis
	with scale UMP.
Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas
	Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-
	forward for males and a 3 year set-
	forward for females. In addition, a
	3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate
	will be applied to reflect the
	impairment for younger members who
	become disabled for males and
	females, respectively. The rates are
	projected on a fully generational basis
	by Scale UMP to account for future
	mortality improvements subject to the
	floor.

#### Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

\*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 28 March 31, 2021

#### Note J: Supplemental Death Benefits Plan (continued)

6. Discount Rate

As of December 31, 2020, the discount rate used in the development of the Total OPEB Liability was 2.00% compared to 2.75% as of December 31, 2019. In accordance with GASB No. 75, paragraph 155, the applicable discount rate for an unfunded OPEB is based on an index of tax exempt 20-year municipal bond rates rated as AA or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions are made at the actuarially determined rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2020.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Total OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.71%) in measuring the Total OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (1.00%)	(2.00%)	Discount Rate (3.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 88,600	\$ 78,310	\$ 69,820

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At March 31, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$78,310 for total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation** – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

As of December 31, 2019, the discount rate used in the development of the Total OPEB Liability was 2.00% compared to 2.75% as of December 31, 2019. Beginning with the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Prior to the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment.

For the year ended March 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,988.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 29 March 31, 2021

#### Note J: Supplemental Death Benefits Plan (continued)

Change in th	e Total OP	EB Liability
--------------	------------	--------------

	Total OPEB					
	Li	ability				
		(a)				
Balance at 12/31/19	\$	88,002				
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,997				
Interest		2,436				
Change of benefit terms						
Difference between expected and actual experience		(19,857)				
Changes of assumptions		6,538				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,806)				
Other changes						
Net changes		(9,692)				
Balance at 12/31/20	\$	78,310				

At March 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	d Outflows	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
actuarial experiences	\$ -	\$ 15,122
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$ 7,246	\$ -
Difference between projected and actual		
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in proportion and difference between		
The employer's contributions and the		
Proportionate share of contributions	\$ -	\$ -
Total as of Dec. 31, 2018 measurement date	\$ 7,246	\$ 15,122
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the		
measurement date	\$ 1,655	\$ -
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$ 8,901	\$ 15,122

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	<u>OPEB Expense Amount</u>
2021	\$ (4.003)
2022	(3,873)
2023	-
2024	-
2025	-
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 30 March 31, 2021

#### Note K: Litigation

There is no reportable litigation at March 31, 2021.

#### Note L: <u>Extraordinary Items</u>

During fiscal year 2019, the City experienced an extraordinary wind and hail storm that damaged the roofs of substantially all City owned buildings. In fiscal year 2021, the City expended \$394,265 to complete the repairs and replacement of roofs. This expenditure is reported as an extraordinary expense which is offset by the recognition of insurance proceeds of \$427,090 reported as extraordinary revenue.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

-52-

#### CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2021

	General Fund							
Demonstra		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues	•	000 000	•	005 000	•	007 575	•	0 575
Property Taxes (Including Penalty & Interest)	\$	260,000	\$	295,000	\$	297,575	\$	2,575
Sales Taxes		118,000		118,000		125,718		7,718
Franchise Taxes		125,000		90,000		80,537		(9,463)
Other Taxes Fees and Fines		6,000		6,000		1,936		(4,064)
		32,250		32,250		20,166		(12,084)
Licenses and Permits		2,200		2,200		3,873		1,673
Charges for Services Rents and Concessions		262,300		262,300		258,829		(3,471)
Investment Income		17,000		17,000		19,064		2,064
		15,000		15,000		3,587		(11,413)
Intergovernmental		15,000		15,000		11,718		(3,282)
Grants Donations		26,000		113,670		118,411		4,741
		3,000		3,000		4,029		1,029 235
Property Management Miscellaneous		-		6,000		6,235		
		20,600		7,100		8,000		900
<u>Total Revenues</u>		902,350		982,520		959,678		(22,842)
<u>Expenditures</u> Current								
General Government		257,530		352,600		352,097		503
Public Safety		223,897		243,897		240,799		3,098
Streets		37,475		94,475		93,983		492
Sanitation		257,644		262,644		261,381		1,263
Health and Welfare		29,600		24,600		21,201		3,399
Culture and Recreation		84,304		131,804		129,957		1,847
Community Technology and Economic		,				,		
Development Center		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Capital Outlay		76,900		12,500		12,500		-
Total Expenditures		977,350		1,132,520		1,121,918		10,602
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer In/(Out)		75,000		150,000		150,000		-
Sale of Property				-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		75,000		150,000		150,000		-
Extraordinary Items								
Insurance Proceeds - Storm Damage		400,000		400,000		427,090		27,090
Capital Expenditures - Storn Damage		(400,000)		(400,000)		(394,265)		5,735
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-		32,825		32,825
Net Change in Fund Balances						20,585		(12,240)
-								,
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		771,538		771,538		771,538		
Fund Balance. End of Year	\$	771,538	\$	771,538	\$	792,123	\$	(12,240)

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS - TMRS (unaudited)

	De	cember 31, 2020	De	cember 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018	De	cember 31, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	\$	44,914 90,561	\$	41,057 97,508	\$	38,181 96,056	\$	36,039 93,616	\$	39,263 96,340	\$	35,735 100,974
Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(114,433) - (120,071)		- (111,519) (2,264) (139,186)		- 12,248 - (113,642)		21,997 - (119,497)		- (39,080) - (151,051)		- (24,224) 36,273 (180,430)
Net change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning		(99,029) 1,379,221		(114,404) 1,493,625		32,843 1,460,782		32,155 1,428,627		(54,528) 1,483,155		(31,672) 1,514,827
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	1,280,192	\$	1,379,221	<u>\$</u>	1,493,625	<u>\$</u>	1,460,782	<u>\$</u>	1,428,627	<u>\$</u>	1,483,155
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		19,283 23,052 118,802 (120,071)		17,493 21,552 223,287 (139,186)		15,410 19,447 (47,084) (113,642)		14,804 18,466 202,175 (119,497)		13,910 20,361 99,834 (151,051)		11,528 19,707 2,400 (180,430)
Administrative expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(771) (32) 40,263		(1,265) (38) 121,843		(912) (48) (126,829)		(1,049) (54) 114,845		(1,129) (61) (18,136)		(1,462) (72) (148,329)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	1,570,437	\$	1,448,594	\$	1,575,423	\$	1,460,578	\$	1,478,714	\$	1,627,043
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(330,508)	\$	(191,216)	\$	45,031	\$	(114,641)	\$	(31,951)	\$	4,441
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		125.82%		113.86%		96.99%		107.85%		102.24%		99.70%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	384,205	\$	359,201	\$	324,116	\$	307,764	\$	339,348	\$	328,449
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-86.02%		-53.23%		13.89%		-37.25%		-9.42%		1.35%

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS - TESRS (unaudited)

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018	August 31, 2017	August 31, 2016	August 31, 2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$ 2,426	\$ 2,556	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,912	\$ 2,491	\$ 2,846
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	14,299	14,457	11,687	11,362	13,086	14,231
Changes of benefit terms	3,886	-	3,334	-	1,061	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,555)	-	(107)	-	95	-
Change of assumptions	(88)	-	-	-	1,308	-
Change in Proportionate Share of Pension Liability	(10,045)	26,128	(2,582)	(57,493)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(8,946)	(8,812)	(6,891)	(6,039)	(6,912)	(7,558)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	(1,023)	34,329	7,321	(50,258)	11,129	9,519
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	196,596	162,267	154,946	205,204	194,075	184,556
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 195,573</u>	<u>\$ 196,596</u>	<u>\$ 162,267</u>	<u>\$ 154,946</u>	<u>\$ 205,204</u>	<u>\$ 194,075</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	4,882	4,768	4,837	6,015	5,091	5,906
Contributions - State	1,728	1,821	1,568	1,901	2,328	2,751
Net investment income	15,849	1,563	13,350	11,732	7,286	(5,532)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(8,946)	(8,812)	(6,891)	(6,039)	(6,912)	(7,558)
Administrative expense	(417)	(311)	(187)	(221)	(245)	(363)
Change in Proportionate Share of Plan Fiduciary Net Position	12,984	22,015	(2,102)	(49,630)	-	-
Other			<u> </u>		5,606	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	26,080	21,044	10,575	(36,242)	13,154	(4,796)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	136,719	136,719	126,144	162,386	149,232	154,028
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 162,799</u>	<u>\$ 157,763</u>	<u>\$ 136,719</u>	<u>\$ 126,144</u>	<u>\$ 162,386</u>	<u>\$ 149,232</u>
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 32,774	\$ 38,833	\$ 25,548	\$ 28,802	\$ 42,818	\$ 44,843
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of Total Pension Liability	83.24%	80.25%	84.26%	81.41%	79.13%	76.89%
Number of Active Members	12	13	11	12	14	17
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Per Active Member	\$ 2,731	\$ 2,987	\$ 2,323	\$ 2,400	\$ 3,058	\$ 2,638

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - TMRS (unaudited)

	Measurement Year									
	2020			2019		2018				
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Cost	\$	2,997	\$	1,904	\$	2,334				
Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability)		2,436		3,068		2,744				
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-				
Difference between expected and actual experience		(19,857)		(6,962)		(94)				
Change of assumptions		6,538		9,138		(3,455)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,806)		(1,760)		(1,296)				
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(9,692)		5,388		233				
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		88,002		82,614		82,381				
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	78,310	\$	88,002	\$	82,614				
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	384,205	\$	359,201	\$	324,116				
Total OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.38%		24.50%		25.49%				

#### CITY OF CROSBYTON

Crosbyton, Texas

# SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - TMRS (unaudited)

FYE 3/31/2020

FYE 3/31/2019

FYE 3/31/2018

FYE 3/31/2017

FYE 3/31/2016

FYE 3/31/2021

Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	18,760	\$	17,448	\$ 15,917	\$ 16,725	\$ 14,135	\$ 13,549
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		18,760		17,448	 15,917	 16,725	 14,135	 13,549
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Covered employee payroll	\$	391,503	\$	363,312	\$ 334,905	\$ 309,533	\$ 331,356	\$ 330,894
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		4.79%		4.80%	4.75%	5.40%	4.27%	4.09%

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - TESRS

(unaudited)	
-------------	--

		(une	iuuneu)									
	FYE 3/31/2021		FYE	3/31/2020	FYE	3/31/2019	<u>FYE</u> :	3/31/2018	FYE	3/31/2017	FYE 3	3/31/2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	6,368	\$	6,588	\$	5,236	\$	7,331	\$	6,480	\$	5,616
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		6,368		6,588		5,236		7,331		6,480		5,616
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

-57-

#### CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

# SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - TMRS (unaudited)

	FYE 3/31/2021		FYE	3/31/2020	FYE	3/31/2019
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	3,888	\$	2,879	\$	2,677
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		3,888		2,879		2,677
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>
Covered employee payroll	\$	391,503	\$	363,312	\$	334,905
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.99%		0.79%		0.80%

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION March 31, 2021

#### Schedule of Pension Contributions - TMRS

# Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	N/A
Asset Valuation Method	10 year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other Information:	

Notes

-58-

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION March 31, 2021

#### Schedule of Contributions for OPEB – TMRS

## Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation	For purposes of calculating the Total OPEB Liability, the plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no assets are accumulated for OPEB.
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.5% including inflation
Discount Rate*	2.00%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	0\$
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68
Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

\*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -- NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS March 31, 2021

ASSETS Cash	Airport Fund \$ 37,980	Municipal Court Technology Fee Fund \$ 338	Community Technology & Economic Development <u>Center</u> \$ 13,755	<u>Total</u> \$ 52,073
Due from Other Funds	4,077			4,077
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 42,057	\$ 338	\$ 13,755	\$ 56,150
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Due to Other Funds <u>Total Liabilities</u>	\$ 117 - - 117	\$	\$ - 1,000 <u>4,118</u> 5,118	\$ 117 1,000 <u>4,118</u> 5,235
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for: Court Technology Committed for: Airport Community Technology & EDC Unassigned <u>Total Fund Equities</u>	- 41,940 - - 41,940	338 - - - - 338	8,637 	338 41,940 8,637  50,915
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITIES	\$ 42,057	\$ 338	\$ 13,755	\$ 56,150

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

FOI	r the Year End	ded March 31	, 2021				
		Airport Fund	Court T	nicipal echnology e Fund	Tech Eco Deve	nmunity nology & onomic elopment enter	 Total
REVENUES:							
Rents	\$	12,291	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,291
Fees		-		289		-	289
Intergovernmental		-		-		28,000	28,000
Investment Income		-		2		-	2
Grants				-		-	 -
Total Revenues		12,291		291		28,000	 40,582
EXPENDITURES Current Public Safety		-		1,590		-	1,590
Community Technology and Economic Development Center						26,913	26,913
Airport		3,415		_		20,313	3,415
Capital Outlay		-		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		3,415		1,590		26,913	 31,918
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		8,876		(1,299)		1,087	 8,664
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers		-		-		-	-
Total Other Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	-
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures & Other Financing Uses		8,876		(1,299)		1,087	 8,664
		,				,	,
Fund BalanceBeginning of Year		33,064		1,637		7,550	 42,251
Fund BalanceEnd of Year	\$	41,940	\$	338	\$	8,637	\$ 50,915

# EXHIBIT F-3

# CITY OF CROSBYTON Crosbyton, Texas

#### PIONEER MEMORIAL MUSEUM - COMPONENT UNIT BALANCE SHEET March 31, 2021

	Er	ndowment Fund
ASSETS Cash in Bank	\$	627,986
Accrued Interest Receivable	÷	190
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	628,176
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	4,289
Accrued Wages Due to City of Crosbyton - General Fund		2,810 10,754
Total Liabilities		17,853
FUND EQUITIES:		
Unassigned		610,323
Total Fund Equities		610,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITIES	\$	628,176

#### PIONEER MEMORIAL MUSEUM - COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

	Endowmer Fund	nt
REVENUES:		
Interest		122
Grants and Contributions	262,	
Rents	9,	380
Miscellaneous		-
Total Revenues	273,	850
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Salaries	60,	824
Contract Labor	2,	946
Retirement	2,4	431
Employee Insurance		350
Payroll Taxes	4,	653
Legal and Accounting	3,	989
Dues		423
Office Supplies	6,	545
Repairs and Supplies		851
Auto Expense		176
Utilities		941
Telephone		901
Insurance	9,	000
Other		50
Community Technology and Economic		
Development Center		000
Capital Outlay	70,:	508
Total Expenditures	211,	588
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	62,	262
Fund BalanceBeginning of Year	488,	063
Fund BalanceEnd of Year	<u>\$</u> 550,	325

# SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

Years Ended	Rate \$100		d/Appraised ue for	Balance		Add: Current		Less:		Total Year's	Balance
March 31	alue		Purposes	 04/01/20	_	Levy	(	Collections	Ac	ljustments	 03/31/21
2012 and Prior	\$ 	\$		\$ 21,147	\$	-	\$	638	\$	(869)	\$ 19,640
2013	0.6883		35,728,026	2,989		-		299		(134)	2,556
2014	0.7472		34,432,682	3,950		-		392		(146)	3,412
2015	0.7472		35,313,437	5,602		-		604		(113)	4,885
2016	0.7776		35,135,159	7,858		-		1,868		(117)	5,873
2017	0.7841		34,858,054	8,445		-		2,144		(118)	6,183
2018	0.7758		35,674,787	12,240		-		2,578		(926)	8,736
2019	0.7711		36,073,142	20,767		-		7,849		(803)	12,115
2020	0.7182		38,975,773	51,143		-		34,228		(21)	16,894
2021	0.6925		38,757,978	 -		268,399		232,447		6,031	 41,983
		<u>T</u>	<u>otals</u>	\$ 134,141	\$	268,399	\$	283,047	\$	2,784	\$ 122,277

# Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

5707 114<sup>th</sup> Street P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

#### Independent Auditors' Report

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crosbyton, Texas 221 W. Main Crosbyton, Texas 79322

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crosbyton, Texas, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Crosbyton's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 20, 2021.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Crosbyton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Crosbyton's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

-65-

Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Crosbyton's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas July 20, 2021