City of Flat Rock, Michigan

Financial Statements
June 30, 2020



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City of Flat Rock, Michigan List of Elected Officials June 30, 2020

Officials and City Council

Mark Hammond – Mayor

James Martin - Mayor Pro-Tem

John Bergeron - Councilman

Mark Maul - Councilman

Kim Pardo – Councilwoman

Ricky Tefend – Councilman

Kenneth Wrobel - Councilman



Independent Auditors' Report

Mayor and City Council City of Flat Rock, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deficit Net Position

The City has an unrestricted unassigned deficit in the Community Center Fund of \$297,219 as of June 30, 2020, which has resulted from operating deficits. The deficit and status of the City's Deficit Elimination Plans that are required by the Michigan Department of Treasury, are disclosed in Note 2. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Michigan Employees Retirement System Schedules, and other post-employment benefits schedules, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Flat Rock, Michigan's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and, was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ann Arbor, MI

December 3, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1,648,873 (or 5%). The governmental total assets and deferred outflows decreased by \$920,582 (or 5%) and the business-type total assets and deferred outflows decreased by \$728,291 (or 5%). Component Unit total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$338,490 (or 3%).
- Total net position of \$(19,393,958) reflects a decrease of \$5,094,138 from last fiscal year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,073,931 a decrease of \$342,363.
- At the end of the current fiscal year the fund balance for the General Fund increased \$29,167 to a final balance of \$1,199,287.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements.
- 2. Fund financial statements.
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

The financial statement's focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow users to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (interperiod or intergovernmental) and enhance the City's accountability. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements which further explains and supports the information presented in these statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances. The statement of net position and the statement of activities are designed to be corporate-like in that all the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. These statements should help the reader to answer the question: Is the City, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are recognized regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The focus of the statement of net position is designed to be similar to the bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations

(total economic resources). This statement presents all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net position." Over time, increases and decreases in net position may indicate whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, in order to assess the overall health of the City, non-financial factors such as the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure may also need to be considered.

The statement of activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of the various activities (governmental, business-type, and component unit) which are supported by the City's general tax and other revenues. This presentation is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of the various governmental services and/or the subsidy to various business-type activities and/or component units. This statement shows how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying events occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both statements report three activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services (i.e., police, fire, public works, parks, etc.) are reported under this category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally fund these services. The City's governmental activities include general government, police, fire, building and safety, public works, recreation and culture, library, community enrichment and development, road maintenance and repair and tax refund.
- 2. Business-type Activities: The City charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City operates one business-type activity that reflects private sector type operations: Water and Sewer service.
- 3. Component Units: Downtown Development Authority and Tax Increment Financial Authority.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar. These statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds (Major Funds), not the city as a whole. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the City uses to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. In addition to major funds, the City presents individual fund data for non-major funds in the supplementary information section. All of the funds of the City can be divided in three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category uses different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund statements are presented on a modified accrual basis, which focuses on the near-term sources and use of available resources. This is the manner in which the budget is typically developed. The City establishes Funds for various purposes, and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgetary compliance associated therewith. Governmental Funds include the General Fund, special revenue funds, capital project funds, and debt service funds.

The focus of governmental funds (current financial resources) is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements (total economic resources). Therefore, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decision by comparing information presented for governmental funds with the information presented for the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds are used to account for services provided by the City where the City charges customers (whether external or internal) for the services it provides. These funds use accrual accounting; the same method used by private sector businesses. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Water and Sewer service.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. While these funds represent trust responsibilities of the City, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the City. Therefore, these assets are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The City acts as a trustee or fiduciary for its employee deferred compensation plan. It is a trustee/agent for the other governmental units for which it collects tax payments. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of assets and liabilities. These funds are reported using accrual accounting.

Component Unit Funds:

Included in the component units for the City are the Downtown Development Authority and the Tax Increment Financial Authority. Although the component units are separate legal entities, the City is financially responsible for them.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Additional Required Supplementary Information

Following the basic financial statements is additional required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Following the required supplementary information are combining financial statements for non-major governmental funds. These funds are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the governmental fund financial statements.

	Gove Act	nme ivitie			ss-type vities	•				-	nent Unit vities
	2020		2019	2020	2019		2020		2019	2020	2019
Assets											
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,709,002 11,154,468		2,967,716 11,711,848	\$ 2,097,647 12,034,615	\$ 3,490,304 11,463,593	\$	4,806,649 23,189,083	\$	6,458,020 23,175,441	\$ 1,178,910 11,739,421	\$ 1,256,555 12,000,266
Total assets	13,863,470)	14,679,564	14,132,262	14,953,897		27,995,732		29,633,461	12,918,331	13,256,821
Deferred Outflows											
of Resources											
Deferred Charges	2,847,831		2,952,319	659,584	566,240		3,507,415	_	3,518,559		
Total assets and deferred outflows	16,711,301		17,631,883	14,791,846	15,520,137		31,503,147		33,152,020	12,918,331	13,256,821
Liabilities											
Current	690,801		509,793	322,129	460,874		1,012,930		970,667	86,071	110,719
Noncurrent	39,435,507	<u> </u>	36,465,682	10,366,087	9,680,981		49,801,594		46,146,663	3,689,904	4,454,904
Total liabilities	40,126,308	3	36,975,475	10,688,216	10,141,855		50,814,524		47,117,330	3,775,975	4,565,623
Deferred Inflows											
of Resources											
Deferred inflows	74,818	<u> </u>	257,736	7,763	76,774	_	82,581	_	334,510		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	40,201,126	<u> </u>	37,233,211	10,695,979	10,218,629	_	50,897,105	_	47,451,840	3,775,975	4,565,623
Net Position											
Net investment											
in capital assets	6,752,251		6,614,149	9,875,807	8,853,709		16,628,058		15,467,858	8,049,517	7,545,362
Restricted	1,031,719		595,991	-	-		1,031,719		595,991	1,092,839	1,145,836
Unrestricted (deficit)	(31,273,795	j)	(26,811,468)	(5,779,940)	(3,552,201)		(37,053,735)	_	(30,363,669)		
Total net position	\$ (23,489,825	5) \$	(19,601,328)	\$ 4,095,867	\$ 5,301,508	\$	(19,393,958)	\$	(14,299,820)	\$ 9,142,356	\$ 8,691,198

Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the City's case, liabilities exceeded its assets at the end of the fiscal year by \$22,818,792. However, included in the City's net position represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, roads, storm sewers, water and sewer systems, building, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire or construct these assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide essential services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is

reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities			ss-type ⁄ities	Tot	al	•	enet Unit vities
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues								
Program revenue:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,876,386	\$ 3,458,385	\$ 4,050,261	\$ 3,771,557	\$ 6,926,647	\$ 7,229,942	\$ -	\$ -
Operating grants and contributions	1,057,742	1,087,623	-	-	1,057,742	1,087,623	-	-
General revenues:								
Property taxes	6,742,225	6,549,714	-	-	6,742,225	6,549,714	1,706,798	1,533,479
State-shared revenue	978,992	992,942	-	-	978,992	992,942	2,558,875	2,484,340
Investment and rent earnings	28,250	52,618	22,523	43,960	50,773	96,578	10,091	15,921
Miscellaneous	265,350	315,062			265,350	315,062	3,541	900
Total revenues	11,948,945	12,456,344	4,072,784	3,815,517	16,021,729	16,271,861	4,279,305	4,034,640
Expenses								
General government	2,717,933	2,439,711	-	-	2,717,933	2,439,711	-	-
Public safety	6,959,814	5,277,810	-	-	6,959,814	5,277,810	-	-
Public works	3,249,417	3,401,527	-	-	3,249,417	3,401,527	-	-
Community and economic								
development	177,928	161,801	-	-	177,928	161,801	3,828,147	3,748,742
Recreation and cultural	2,509,680	2,585,338	-	-	2,509,680	2,585,338	-	-
Water and sewer	-	-	5,278,425	4,512,525	5,278,425	4,512,525	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	222,670	151,793			222,670	151,793		
Total expenses	15,837,442	14,017,980	5,278,425	4,512,525	21,115,867	18,530,505	3,828,147	3,748,742
Excess revenues over								
(under) expenses								
` , , ·	(3,888,497)	(1,561,636)	(1,205,641)	(697,008)	(5,094,138)	(2,258,644)	451,158	285,898
Transfers								
Change in net position	(3,888,497)	(1,561,636)	(1,205,641)	(697,008)	(5,094,138)	(2,258,644)	451,158	285,898
Net position (deficit),								
beginning of year	(19,601,328)	(9,634,392)	5,301,508	5,998,516	(14,299,820)	(3,635,876)	8,691,198	
Prior period adjustment		(8,405,300)				(8,405,300)		8,405,300
Net position (deficit),								
end of year	\$(23,489,825)	\$(19,601,328)	\$ 4,095,867	\$ 5,301,508	\$ (19,393,958)	\$(14,299,820)	\$ 9,142,356	\$ 8,691,198

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities net position decreased (\$3,888,497) from (\$19,601,328) to (\$23,489,825). This does not include the change in net position of the component units by \$451,158.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$1,205,641 mostly relating to pension and OPEB actuarial adjustments.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year its total fund balance was \$1,199,287 or 13.7% of general fund expenditures. Total fund balance increased by \$29,167 during the fiscal year.

Community Center

The Community Center Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$295,996, which is a decrease of \$303,673 due to COVID closures.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Governmental Funds had a total fund balance of \$1,170,640, a total decrease of \$67,857 from the prior fiscal year.

Component Units

Tax Increment Finance Authority

The Tax Increment Finance Authority has a net position of \$6,444,267, which is an increase of \$391,252 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to state grants.

Downtown Development Authority

The Downtown Development Authority has a net position of \$2,698,089, which is an increase of \$59,906 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due tax receipts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$23,189,083 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes a broad range of capital assets, which are detailed in the table below. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$13,642, mainly due to current year additions in excess of depreciation. The following table is a comparison of the City's net capital assets as of June 30, 2020 compared to June 30, 2019:

						N	et C	apital Assets	at \	ear End								
		2020								2019								
		Business							Business									
	Governmental Activities			Type Activities Total		Component Units		Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Total		Component Units				
Land	\$	767,428	\$	-	\$	767,428	\$	807,327	\$	767,428	\$	-	\$	767,428	\$	807,327		
Infrastructure, net		3,226,678		-		3,226,678		2,354,908		3,361,517		-		3,361,517		2,363,856		
Buildings and Improvements, net		6,071,682		3,733,469		9,805,151		8,573,335		6,287,162		3,847,143		10,134,305		8,824,935		
Machinery and Equipment, net		1,088,680		247,255		1,335,935		3,851		1,164,130		479,809		1,643,939		4,148		
Water and Sewer System, net		-		8,053,891		8,053,891		-		-		7,061,363		7,061,363		-		
Vehicles, net		-		-		<u>-</u>		-	_	131,611		75,278	_	206,889	_	-		
Capital assets, net	\$	11,154,468	\$	12,034,615	\$	23,189,083	\$	11,739,421	\$	11,711,848	<u>\$ 1</u>	11,463,593	\$	23,175,441	<u>\$</u>	12,000,266		

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be located in Note 4 of the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total long-term bonds and notes outstanding of \$11,228,538, which included component units.

		Out	standing De	bt a	t Year End			
	 vernmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	Component Units		
Bonds and note Claims and judements Other	\$ 4,432,925 227,944 671,404	\$	1,965,995 - 240,366	\$	6,398,920 227,944 911,770	\$	3,689,904	
Capital assets, net	\$ 5,332,273	\$	2,206,361	\$	7,538,634	\$	3,689,904	

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to 10% of its total state equalized assessed value of property. The City's total general obligation debt \$12,726,449 is lower than the current state-imposed limit of \$31,707,538.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City of Flat Rock's budget for year ending June 30, 2020 included a slight increase in permit fees and taxable values and a Water and Sewer rate increase of \$1.50 per 1,000 gallons.

The City's 2021 budgeted revenue consists of 57.28% tax revenues, 32.86 local sources and 9.86 from other sources. The City's tax base is projected to have an increase of \$84,192.

The City's General Fund expenditures are allocated 48.70% to public safety (police, fire, building & safety). The department of public works amounts to 17.84% and the general operations, which include clerk's and treasurer's departments, total 6.3%. All other areas total 27.16%. The General Fund is projecting the fund balance to remain the same, which will project a General Fund balance of \$1,199,285 or 12.34% of the General Fund budget. This is subject to change if a transfer is made to cover the deficit of the Community Center fund.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

City of Flat Rock 25500 Gibraltar Road Flat Rock, Michigan 48134-1399

City of Flat Rock Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Р				
	Go	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,245,447	\$ 1,429,254	\$ 3,674,701	\$ 1,177,410)
Receivables						
Taxes		26,568	-	26,568	-	
Customers		161	642,985	643,146	-	
Accrued interest and other		5,867	-	5,867	-	
Due from other units of government		365,758	-	365,758	-	
Due from component unit		22,910	-	22,910	-	
Inventories		3,760	20,572	24,332	-	
Prepaid items		38,531	4,836	43,367	1,500)
Capital assets not being depreciated		767,428	-	767,428	807,327	7
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		10,387,040	12,034,615	22,421,655	10,932,094	<u>1</u>
Total assets		13,863,470	14,132,262	27,995,732	12,918,331	<u>1</u>
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability		1,257,015	184,844	1,441,859	-	
Deferred amount relating to total OPEB liability		1,590,816	474,740	2,065,556		_
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,847,831	659,584	3,507,415		_

City of Flat Rock Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Primary Government								
	Go	overnmental	Bu	siness-type			(Component	
		Activities		Activities	Total			Units	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	388,939	\$	281,558	\$	670,497	\$	18,374	
Accrued and other liabilities		291,056		40,571		331,627		44,787	
Due to other units of government		10,806		-		10,806		-	
Due to primary units		-		-		-		22,910	
Noncurrent liabilities									
Due within one year		1,007,184		472,978		1,480,162		795,000	
Due in more than one year		4,325,089		1,733,383		6,058,472		2,894,904	
Net pension liability		14,213,867		2,036,281		16,250,148		-	
Total OPEB liability		19,889,367		6,123,445		26,012,812			
Total liabilities		40,126,308		10,688,216		50,814,524		3,775,975	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Deferred amount relating to total OPEB liability		74,818		7,763		82,581		-	
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets		6,752,251		9,875,807		16,628,058		8,049,517	
Restricted for									
TIFA		-		-		-		235,239	
Streets		394,994		-		394,994		-	
Downtown development authority		-		-		-		857,600	
Historical district		203,988		-		203,988		-	
Library		425,012		-		425,012		-	
Other special revenue projects		7,725		-		7,725		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(31,273,795)		(5,779,940)		(37,053,735)			
Total net position	\$	(23,489,825)	\$	4,095,867	\$	(19,393,958)	\$	9,142,356	

City of Flat Rock Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Program	Revenues				
		Operating	P			
Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
6,959,814 3,249,417 177,928	883,127 918,936 76,039	8,337 1,030,446 -	(6,068,350) (1,300,035) (101,889)	-	\$ (2,664,467) (6,068,350) (1,300,035) (101,889) (1,545,903)	\$ - - -
		-	, , ,		(222,670)	
15,837,442	2,876,386	1,057,742	(11,903,314)	-	(11,903,314)	-
5,278,425	4,050,261		<u> </u>	(1,228,164)	(1,228,164)	
\$ 21,115,867	\$ 6,926,647	\$ 1,057,742	(11,903,314)	(1,228,164)	(13,131,478)	<u> </u>
		\$ - -				(3,213,246) (614,901)
		\$ -				(3,828,147)
Unrestricted inve Gain on sale of c Miscellaneous Total general Change in ne Net position - begin	estment earnings capital assets revenues t position ning of year	5	(19,601,328)	5,301,508	6,742,225 978,992 50,773 62,435 202,915 8,037,340 (5,094,138) (14,299,820)	1,706,798 2,558,875 10,091 - 3,541 4,279,305 451,158 8,691,198 \$ 9,142,356
	\$ 2,717,933 6,959,814 3,249,417 177,928 2,509,680 222,670 15,837,442 5,278,425 \$ 21,115,867 \$ 3,213,246 614,901 \$ 3,828,147 General revenues Property taxes State shared rev Unrestricted inve Gain on sale of of Miscellaneous Total general Change in ne Net position - begin	\$ 2,717,933 \$ 50,516 6,959,814 883,127 3,249,417 918,936 177,928 76,039 2,509,680 947,768 222,670 - 15,837,442 2,876,386 5,278,425 4,050,261 \$ 21,115,867 \$ 6,926,647 \$ 3,213,246 \$ - 614,901 \$ 3,828,147 \$ - General revenues Property taxes State shared revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets	Expenses Charges for Services Grants and Contributions \$ 2,717,933 \$ 50,516 \$ 2,950 6,959,814 883,127 8,337 3,249,417 918,936 1,030,446 177,928 76,039 - 2,509,680 947,768 16,009 222,670 - - 15,837,442 2,876,386 1,057,742 \$ 21,115,867 \$ 6,926,647 \$ 1,057,742 \$ 3,213,246 - \$ - 614,901 - - \$ 3,828,147 \$ - \$ - General revenues Property taxes State shared revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning of year	Expenses	Expenses Program Revenues Charges in Primary Governmental Governmental Activities Primary Governmental Business-type Activities \$ 2,717,933 \$ 50,516 \$ 2,950 \$ (2,664,467) \$ - 6,959,814 883,127 8,337 (6,068,350) - 3,249,417 918,936 1,030,446 (1,300,035) - 3,249,417 918,936 1,030,446 (1,300,035) - 3,259,668 - 3,259,668 - 3,259,668 - 3,259,668 - 3,259,668 - 3,222,670	Charges for Services

City of Flat Rock Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Fund								
						Nonmajor		Total	
	General C			Community		overnmental Funds	Governmental Funds		
Assets	<u>General</u>			Center	_	runus	T UTUS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,179,863	\$	2,058	\$	1,063,526	\$	2,245,447	
Receivables	Ψ	1,179,003	Ψ	2,030	Ψ	1,003,320	Ψ	2,243,447	
Taxes		24,622		_		1,946		26,568	
Customers		161		_		-		161	
Accrued interest and other		5,867		_		_		5,867	
Due from other units of government		237,067		_		128,691		365,758	
Due from other funds		-		_		37,605		37,605	
Due from component unit		22,910		_		, -		22,910	
Inventories		3,760		-		-		3,760	
Prepaid items	_	31,695		1,223	_	5,613	_	38,531	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,505,945	\$	3,281	\$	1,237,381	\$	2,746,607	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	171,646	\$	195,400	\$	21,893	\$	388,939	
Accrued and other liabilities		123,706		103,877		7,743		235,326	
Due to other funds		500		-		37,105		37,605	
Due to other units of government		10,806			_		_	10,806	
Total liabilities		306,658		299,277		66,741		672,676	

City of Flat Rock Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Fund		
	General	Community Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances				
Non-spendable				
Inventories	3,760	-	-	3,760
Prepaid items	31,695	1,223	5,613	38,531
Restricted for				
Streets	-	-	389,438	389,438
Historical district	-	-	203,982	203,982
Library	-	-	424,961	424,961
Capital projects	-	-	138,921	138,921
Other special revenue projects	-	-	7,725	7,725
Unassigned (deficit)	1,163,832	(297,219)		866,613
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,199,287	(295,996)	1,170,640	2,073,931
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,505,945	\$ 3,281	\$ 1,237,381	\$ 2,746,607

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 2,073,931
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	10,387,040
Capital assets not being depreciated used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	767,428
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Claims and judgments	(55,730) (563,191) (227,944)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources relating to pension and OPEB liabilities Deferred inflows of resources resulting from total OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources from resulting from net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources from resulting from total OPEB liability	(74,818) 1,257,015 1,590,816
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Bonds payable Bond premium Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	(4,523,213) (17,925) (14,213,867) (19,889,367)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (23,489,825)

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		Special Revenue Fund			
	General	Community Center	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	_		 		_
Taxes	\$ 6,327,578	\$ -	\$ 414,647	\$	6,742,225
Licenses and permits	103,111	-	-		103,111
Federal grants	106,588	-	2,992		109,580
State shared revenue	946,386	-	936,352		1,882,738
Other state grants	91,646	12,809	-		104,455
Local contributions	486,071	76,039	153,051		715,161
Charges for services	353,819	866,827	641		1,221,287
Fines and forfeitures	426,331	-	-		426,331
Interest income	23,507	488	4,255		28,250
Rental income	163,256	-	-		163,256
Other revenue	 421,192	823	 29,100		451,115
Total revenues	 9,449,485	956,986	 1,541,038		11,947,509

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		Special Revenue Fund		
	General	Community Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures	General	Center	I ulius	i uilus
Current				
General government \$	2,277,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,277,287
Public safety	4,295,291	Ψ -	Ψ -	4,295,291
Public works	1,934,842	393	728,855	2,664,090
Community and economic development	16,385	-	80,438	96,823
Recreation and culture	101,066	1,449,227	, <u>-</u>	1,550,293
Library	-	-	331,942	331,942
Capital outlay	67,536	76,039	58,279	201,854
Debt service				
Principal retirement	50,431	-	695,000	745,431
Interest and fiscal charges	-		189,296	189,296
Total expenditures	8,742,838	1,525,659	2,083,810	12,352,307
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	706,647	(568,673)	(542,772)	(404,798)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	265,000	1,133,497	1,398,497
Transfers out	(739,915	-	(658,582)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	62,435			62,435
Total other financing sources (uses)	(677,480	265,000	474,915	62,435
Net change in fund balance	29,167	(303,673)	(67,857)	(342,363)
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,170,120	7,677	1,238,497	2,416,294
Fund balance - end of year (deficit)	1,199,287	\$ (295,996)	\$ 1,170,640	\$ 2,073,931

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ (342,363)
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(1,055,648) 498,268
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Grants	(60,999)
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Accrued interest Compensated absences Claims and judgments	(36,360) (71,668) 141,952
The statement of net position reports the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions. Net change in net pension liability Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the net pension liability	(1,063,563) (557,301)
The statement of net position reports the total OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the total OPEB liability and OPEB expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual OPEB contributions. Net change in total OPEB liability Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the total OPEB liability Net change in the deferred inflow of resources related to the total OPEB liability	(2,726,249) 452,813 182,918
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Repayments of long-term debt Amortization of premiums	746,717 2,986
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,888,497)

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	_ Enterprise Fund
	Water and
	Sewer
Assets	
Current assets	\$ 1,429,254
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 1,429,254
Customers	642,985
Inventories	20,572
Prepaid items	4,836
Total current assets	2,097,647
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,034,615
Total assets	14,132,262
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability	184,844
Deferred amount relating to total OPEB liability	474,740
Total deferred outflows of resources	659,584
Liabilities	
Current liabilities Accounts payable	281,558
Accrued and other liabilities	40,571
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	472,978
Total current liabilities	795,107
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net pension liability	2,036,281
Total OPEB liability	6,123,445
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year	1,733,383
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,893,109
Total liabilities	10,688,216
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred amount relating to total OPEB liability	7,763
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,875,807
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,779,940)
Total net position	<u>\$ 4,095,867</u>

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer		
Operating revenue Customer fees Connection fees Other revenue	\$	3,946,263 24,080 79,918	
Total operating revenue		4,050,261	
Operating expenses Personnel services Supplies Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other expenses Depreciation Total operating expenses		1,693,619 25,903 348,656 5,326 264,740 2,292,345 590,324 5,220,913	
Operating loss		(1,170,652)	
Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Interest income Interest expense		22,523 (57,512)	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(34,989)	
Change in net position		(1,205,641)	
Net position - beginning of year		5,301,508	
Net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,095,867	

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Cash Flows

Cook flows from appreting activities	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer	
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers	\$ 4,075,044	
Payments to suppliers	(2,038,428)	
Payments to employees	(1,759,800)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	276,816	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchases/construction of capital assets	(1,161,346)	
Principal and interest paid on long-term debt	(508,588)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,669,934)	
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	22,523	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,370,595)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	2,799,849	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 1,429,254	

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Cash Flows

	Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$ (1,170,652)
provided by operating activities Depreciation expense Noncash portion related to net pension and total OPEB liability	590,324 1,133,352
Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables (net) Prepaid items Deferred outflows of resources	24,783 (2,721)
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Compensated absences	(93,344) (124,772) (13,973) 635
Deferred inflows of resources	(66,816)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 276,816</u>

City of Flat Rock Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

	Trust and Custodial
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 157,819</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	70,028
Due to other governments	<u>87,791</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 157,819

City of Flat Rock Component Units Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Access	Tax Increment Financing Authority		Downtown Development Authority		Total	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	292,358 1,500 615,529 9,283,403	\$	885,052 - 191,798 1,648,691	\$	1,177,410 1,500 807,327 10,932,094
Total assets	\$	10,192,790	\$	2,725,541	\$	12,918,331
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to primary unit Long-term debt: Due within one year Due in more than one year		4,000 44,787 9,832 795,000 2,894,904		14,374 - 13,078 - -		18,374 44,787 22,910 795,000 2,894,904
Total liabilities		3,748,523		27,452		3,775,975
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted		6,209,028 235,239		1,840,489 857,600		8,049,517 1,092,839
Total net position	\$	6,444,267	\$	2,698,089	\$	9,142,356

City of Flat Rock Component Units Statement of Activities

	Tax Increment Financing Authority		Downtown Development Authority		Total	
Revenues Taxes Other state grants Interest income Other revenue	\$	1,109,952 2,492,686 1,860	\$	596,846 66,189 8,231 3,541	\$	1,706,798 2,558,875 10,091 3,541
Total revenues		3,604,498		674,807		4,279,305
Expenses Community and economic development Tax refunds Depreciation Debt service Interest and fiscal charges Total expenses		320,597 2,380,707 306,725 205,217 3,213,246		374,137 - 240,764 - 614,901		694,734 2,380,707 547,489 205,217 3,828,147
Excess of revenues over expenses		391,252		59,906		451,158
Net position - beginning of year		6,053,015		2,638,183		8,691,198
Net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	6,444,267	\$	2,698,089	\$	9,142,356

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Flat Rock, Michigan (the "City") operates as a Home Rule City under the laws of the State of Michigan. The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member Council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Tax Increment Finance Authority (the "Authority") was created under Act No. 450 of the Michigan State statutes with the purpose to bolster the declining value of the lands located within the district. The Authority has a targeted development area which will be developed and ultimately lead to increasing the values of the properties located within the targeted area. Funding for the Authority is provided by capturing the increased property tax revenues from the increase in valuations of the benefited properties. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council.

The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created under Act No. 197 of the Michigan State statutes to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic development within the downtown district. In addition, the Authority budget is subject to approval by City Council. Funding for the Authority is provided from the increased property tax revenues from any benefited property.

Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the 33rd District Court (the "Court"), which provides judicial services to the member communities. The City appoints one member to the joint venture's governing board, who then approves the annual budget. The Court receives its operating revenue principally from fines and fees, in addition to annual funding contributions from member communities. During the current year, the City contributed \$0 to the Court, representing the City's share of the

Court's net activity. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating communities in the near future, other than the fluctuation of caseloads, which impacts the City's share of the Court debt. Complete financial statements for the Court can be obtained from the administrative offices at: 19000 Van Horn Road, Woodhaven, MI 48183.

The City is a member of the South Huron Valley Utility Authority, which provides sanitary sewage disposal services. Each of the eight member communities appoints one member to the Board. The Authority receives its operating revenue through charges to the communities. The City's share of the debt of the joint venture is being financed by the City through debt service charges. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City incurred net operating costs of \$942,335. In addition, the City paid \$425,325 in principal payments and \$53,626 in interest expense. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 34001 West Jefferson, Brownstown, MI 48173.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments

receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Center Fund is treated as a special revenue fund and is used to account for the operations of the community center.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund is an Enterprise Fund. The fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to a private enterprise. The intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer services to the general public are recovered through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following:

The nonmajor special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative requirements.

The capital project fund accounts for the construction of major capital facilities and City infrastructure other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, governmental activities principal, interest, and related costs.

The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal

liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The government also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the water and sewer fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market price. Certificates of deposit are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activity between funds that is representative of a lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$22,741. Property taxes are levied on each July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2019 taxable valuation of the government totaled \$317,075,375, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 16.00 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$4,199,960 for operating expenses, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments. Approximately 11.88% of the City's property tax revenue is from one company located in the City of Flat Rock.

The City has considered the impact of GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, and determined that there are no significant abatements that reduce property tax revenues.

Inventories and prepaid items – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in governmental funds the City follows the consumption method, and they therefore are capitalized as prepaid items in both entity-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000

and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated acquisition cost of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Roads and infrastructure	10 to 30 years
Water and sewer mains	50 years
Buildings	50 years
Vehicles	5 to 12 years
Equipment and meters	7 to 30 years

Deferred outflows of resources – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension and OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date. This amount will reduce net pension and OPEB liability in the following year.

Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension liability and the total OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. Compensated absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Deferred inflows of resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City reports deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension or OPEB expense. Assumption and experience differences relating to the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. In addition, the City reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred gains on bond refunding. A deferred gain results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is amortized using the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Pensions – The City offers pension benefits to retirees. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions

to/deductions from MERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The City receives actuarial-based calculations to compute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) necessary to fund the obligations over the remaining amortization periods. In the governmental funds, pension costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the City of Flat Rock Retiree Medical Plan (CFRRMP) and additions to/deductions from CFRRMP have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CFRRMP. For this purpose, CFRRMP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The City receives actuarial-based calculations to compute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) necessary to fund the obligations over the remaining amortization periods. The City does not pre-fund the plan and is on the pay-as-you-go method. In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – assets that are not available in a spendable form.

Restricted – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

Committed – amounts constrained on use imposed by the government's highest level of decision-making, its City Council. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the City Council.

Assigned – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the General Fund are automatically assigned by their nature.

Unassigned – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the government's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the City's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain components.

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following: (1) The effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reports (2) Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. (3) The applicability of Statements No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits. (4) The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements. (5) Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition. (6) Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers. (7) Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. (8) Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic and provides postponement of effective dates for certain GASB Statements. This statement was effective upon issuance in May of 2020.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus of the criteria includes the following: (1) is the government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally will report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or similar arrangement that meets specific criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Statement No. 87, *Leases* increases the usefulness of the financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use a lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. It requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset

reporting in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure for financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of IBORs in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement apply to the financial statements of all state and local governments. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this

Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

The City is evaluating the impact that the above GASBs will have on its financial reporting.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The government is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to July 1st, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. Public hearings are scheduled to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance prior to July 1st.

The budget document presents information by fund, activity, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

	Appropriations Actual			 Variance		
General Fund Public works Transfers out	\$	1,564,310 250,000	\$	1,934,842 739,915	\$ 370,532 489,915	

Fund Deficit

The City had an unrestricted unassigned deficit in the Community Center Fund of \$297,219 as of June 30, 2020. The City's most recently submitted deficit elimination plan with the State of Michigan has planned to eliminate the deficit by the end of fiscal year 2021. The City's deficit elimination plan will be submitted to the State of Michigan after the issuance of the June 30, 2020 audited financial statements.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At year end the government's deposits and investments were reported in the financial statements in the following categories:

	 sh and Cash quivalents
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 2,245,447 1,429,254
Total primary government	3,674,701
Fiduciary funds	157,819
Component units	 1,177,410
Total	\$ 5,009,930

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary	Fiduciary	Component				
	Government	Funds	Units	Total			
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts, money markets and certificates of deposit)	\$ 3,673,201	\$ 157,819	\$ 1,177,410	\$5,008,430			
Petty cash and cash on hand	1,500			1,500			
	\$3,674,701	\$ 157,819	\$1,177,410	\$5,009,930			

As of year end, the government had the following investments:

			Rating
Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Organization
Monroe Bank & Trust Money Market Fifth Third Government	\$ 2,119,554	Aaa-mf	Moody's
Money Market	531,260	Aaa-mf	Moody's
	\$ 2,650,814		

Credit risk – State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States. United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Concentration of credit risk – The City has no policy that would limit the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$386,202 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be

able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Transfers	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 767,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 767,428
Capital assets being depreciated					
Infrastructure	23,343,604	303,666	-	-	23,647,270
Buildings, additions and improvements	11,541,623	55,125	-	-	11,596,748
Machinery and equipment	6,243,629	108,977	165,500	(34,387)	6,187,106
Vehicles	1,172,012	30,500	46,453	34,387	1,156,059
Total capital assets being depreciated	42,300,868	498,268	211,953		42,587,183
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Infrastructure	19,982,087	438,505	-	-	20,420,592
Buildings, additions and improvements	5,254,461	270,605	-	-	5,525,066
Machinery and equipment	5,079,499	270,611	165,500	(34,387)	5,184,610
Vehicles	1,040,401	75,927	46,453	34,387	1,069,875
Total accumulated depreciation	31,356,448	1,055,648	211,953		32,200,143
Net capital assets being depreciated	10,944,420	(557,380)			10,387,040
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,711,848	\$ (557,380)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,154,468

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings, additions and improvements	\$ 6,516,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,516,962
Machinery and equipment	1,108,983	51,489	-	(343,833)	816,639
Vehicles	440,855	92,257	-	-	533,112
Water and sewer system	19,439,651	1,017,600		343,833	20,801,084
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,506,451	1,161,346			28,667,797
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings, additions and improvements	2,669,819	113,674	-	-	2,783,493
Machinery and equipment	629,174	81,643	-	-	710,817
Vehicles	365,577	26,102	-	-	391,679
Water and sewer system	12,378,288	368,905			12,747,193
Total accumulated depreciation	16,042,858	590,324			16,633,182
Net capital assets being depreciated	11,463,593	571,022			12,034,615
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 11,463,593	\$ 571,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,034,615
Component Units	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Component Units Capital assets not being depreciated Land		Increases	Decreases	Transfers	
Capital assets not being depreciated	Balance				Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	Balance				Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated	Balance \$ 807,327	\$ -			Balance \$ 807,327
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure	\$ 807,327 5,654,373	\$ -			\$ 807,327 5,941,017
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements	\$ 807,327 \$,654,373 12,579,988	\$ -			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for	\$ 807,327 5,654,373 12,579,988 5,930 18,240,291	\$ - 286,644 - - 286,644			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988 5,930 18,526,935
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure	\$ 807,327 5,654,373 12,579,988 5,930 18,240,291 3,290,517	\$ - 286,644 - - 286,644 295,592			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988 5,930 18,526,935 3,586,109
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for	\$ 807,327 5,654,373 12,579,988 5,930 18,240,291	\$ - 286,644 - - 286,644			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988 5,930 18,526,935
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements	\$ 807,327 5,654,373 12,579,988 5,930 18,240,291 3,290,517 3,755,053	\$ - 286,644 - - 286,644 295,592 251,600			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988 5,930 18,526,935 3,586,109 4,006,653
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Capital assets being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 807,327 5,654,373 12,579,988 5,930 18,240,291 3,290,517 3,755,053 1,782	\$ - 286,644 - - 286,644 295,592 251,600 297			\$ 807,327 5,941,017 12,579,988 5,930 18,526,935 3,586,109 4,006,653 2,079

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 61,957
Public safety	198,735
Public works	79,077
Recreation and culture	478,688
Other functions	237,191
Total governmental activities	1,055,648
Business-type Activities	
Water and Sewer	590,324
Total primary government	\$ 1,645,972
Component Units	<u>\$ 547,489</u>

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor Funds Nonmajor Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Funds	\$ 500 37,105
•	·	\$ 37,605

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	Amount					
General Fund	Community Center Fund	\$	265,000				
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds		474,915				
Nonmajor funds	Nonmajor Funds		658,582				
		\$	1,398,497				

Transfers are used to move unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. Transfers from Nonmajor Funds to other Nonmajor funds were reimbursements made in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the City. Claims and judgements are payments resulting from prior Michigan tax tribunal settlements. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences. Compensated absences are typically liquidated with funds from the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

			Interest	Principal					
	Amount of	Maturity	Rate	Maturity	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Issue	Date	Ranges	Ranges	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities									
Bonds payable									
General obligation bonds									
Building Authority Bond, Series 2006	\$ 3,415,000	8/1/20	4.00% - 4.60%	\$345,000 - \$395,000	\$ 775,000	\$ -	\$ 380,000	\$ 395,000	\$ 395,000
Capital Improvement Bonds - 2010 Limited Tax General Obligation	2,500,000	8/1/24	3.75% - 5.00%	\$170,000 - \$250,000	1,310,000	-	190,000	1,120,000	200,000
Capital Improvement Bonds - 2015 Limited Tax General Obligation	2,500,000	10/1/34	2.13% - 4.00%	\$125,000 - \$250,000	3,025,000		125,000	2,900,000	150,000
Total bonds payable					5,110,000	-	695,000	4,415,000	745,000
Premium on bond issues					20,911		2,986	17,925	
Claims and judgments					 -				
Auto Alliance, Inc Refundable 2009 Personal									
Property Tax	559,630	8/31/20	N/A	\$55,963	111,926	-	55,963	55,963	55,963
Auto Alliance, Inc Refundable 2009 - 2011 Real									
Property Tax	859,887	10/31/21	N/A	\$85,989	257,970		85,989	171,981	85,989
Total claims and judgements					369,896		141,952	227,944	141,952
Direct Borrowings									
Ambulance, 2015	164,011	10/1/19	3.20%	\$31,837 - \$33,933	33,930	-	33,930	-	-
Ambulance, 2018	132,665	9/14/23	N/A	\$21,133 - \$27,750	124,714	-	16,501	108,213	25,182
Capital lease - copier	5,852	5/29/20	4.84%	\$1,286	1,286		1,286		
Total direct borrowings					159,930		51,717	108,213	25,182
Other									
Compensated absences	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	491,523	71,668		563,191	95,050
Total governmental activities					\$ 6,152,260	\$ 71,668	\$ 891,655	\$ 5,332,273	\$ 1,007,184

	Amount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	seginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Wi One Yo	
Business-type activities										
Bonds payable										
General obligation bonds										
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - Sewer										
System Plant Acquisition Bonds	\$ 3,271,516	10/1/21	2.25%	\$193,599 - \$198,163	\$ 391,762	\$ -	\$ 193,599	\$ 198,163	\$ 198	8,163
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - 2004 Sewer										
System Plant Expansion	2,352,760	6/30/26	2.13%	\$126,314 - \$142,900	940,338	-	126,314	814,024	128	8,866
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - 2010 Sewer	400.000	E /4 /00	4.000/	\$40.400 \$04.500	070.040		40.400	057.400	0.4	4 7 4 7
System Improvements	409,360	5/1/30	4.00%	\$19,189 - \$34,538	276,318	-	19,189	257,129	2	1,747
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - 2011 Sewer System Improvements	557,073	10/1/31	2.50%	\$26,928 - \$35,439	367,835		26,928	340,907	26	6,928
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - 2016 Sewer	557,075	10/1/31	2.30%	\$20,920 - \$30,439	307,033	-	20,920	340,907	20	0,920
, , ,	500.054	44/4/00	0.750/	A50.005 A50.007	445.007		50.005	055 770	F.	0.005
System Improvements	592,954	11/1/26	2.75%	\$59,295 - \$59,297	 415,067		59,295	355,772	59	9,295
Total bonds payable					 2,391,320		425,325	1,965,995	434	4,999
Equipment purchase agreement - 2017 Vactor Truck	269,596	11/13/22	3.16%	\$23,556 - \$143,445	216,369		23,556	192,813	24	4,300
Total direct borrowings					216,369		23,556	192,813	24	4,300
Other										
Compensated absences	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	 46,918	635		47,553	13	3,679
Total business-type activities					\$ 2,654,607	\$ 635	\$ 448,881	\$ 2,206,361	\$ 472	2,978

	Α	mount of	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions		Ending Balance		ie Within ne Year
Component units															
Bonds payable															
General obligation bonds															
Tax Increment Finance Authority - Limited Tax Development Bonds Series 2006A	\$	4,270,000	10/1/24	6.95%	\$310,000 - \$405,000	\$	1,775,000	\$	-	\$	310,000	\$	1,465,000	\$	330,000
Tax Increment Finance Authority - Limited Tax Development Bonds Series 2006B		5,675,000	10/1/24	4.625% - 4.80%	\$345,000 - \$380,000		1,815,000		-		345,000		1,470,000		355,000
Tax Increment Finance Authority - 2015 Limited Tax Development Bonds		1,750,000	10/1/26	2.00% - 3.00%	\$110,000 - \$245,000		815,000				110,000		705,000		110,000
Total bonds payable							4,405,000				765,000	_	3,640,000		795,000
Premium on bond issues						_	53,023				3,119	_	49,904	_	
Total component units activities						\$	4,458,023	\$		\$	768,119	\$	3,689,904	\$	795,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds and notes payable, and installment purchase agreement are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending	 Bonds	Paya	able	No	otes from Dir	ect B	orrowings
June 30,	 Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest
2021	\$ 745,000	\$	157,603	\$	25,182	\$	5,299
2022	360,000		135,780		26,536		3,945
2023	375,000		121,061		27,768		2,713
2024	385,000		105,061		28,727		1,399
2025	425,000		88,061		-		-
2026 - 2030	950,000		311,805		-		-
2031 - 2035	 1,175,000		111,840				
	\$ 4.415.000	\$	1.031.211	\$	108.213	\$	13.356

Business-type Activities							
	Bonds	Paya	able	Notes from Direct Borro			Borrowings
	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal		Interest
\$	434,999	\$	44,608		24,300	\$	6,093
	238,951		37,583		25,068		5,325
	243,623		32,781		143,445		4,533
	248,296		27,836		-		-
	254,244		22,746		-		-
	510,442		49,512		-		-
	35,440		863		-		
\$	1,965,995	\$	215,929	\$	192,813	\$	15,951
		Principal \$ 434,999 238,951 243,623 248,296 254,244 510,442 35,440	Principal \$	Bonds Payable Principal Interest \$ 434,999 \$ 44,608 238,951 37,583 243,623 32,781 248,296 27,836 254,244 22,746 510,442 49,512 35,440 863	Bonds Payable No Principal Interest F \$ 434,999 \$ 44,608 238,951 37,583 243,623 32,781 248,296 27,836 254,244 22,746 510,442 49,512 35,440 863	Bonds Payable Notes from Dir Principal Interest Principal \$ 434,999 \$ 44,608 24,300 238,951 37,583 25,068 243,623 32,781 143,445 248,296 27,836 - 254,244 22,746 - 510,442 49,512 - 35,440 863 -	Bonds Payable Notes from Direct Benefit Principal Interest Principal \$ 434,999 \$ 44,608 24,300 \$ 238,951 37,583 25,068 243,623 32,781 143,445 248,296 27,836 - 254,244 22,746 - 510,442 49,512 - 35,440 863 -

	 Component Units					
Year Ending	 Bonds I	⊃aya	able			
June 30,	Principal		Interest			
2021	\$ 795,000	\$	171,212			
2022	825,000		127,348			
2023	870,000		81,075			
2024	905,000		32,344			
2025	120,000		5,550			
2026 - 2030	 125,000		1,875			
	\$ 3,640,000	\$	419,404			

Deferred Amount of Debt Refunding

The City issued bonds in 2015 to advance refund and retire previously issued term bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is reported in the accompanying statement of net position as a deferred inflow of resources and is being charged to activities through the fiscal year. The remaining principal on this debt is \$730,000 and matures on October 1, 2025.

Deferred amount on refunding activity is summarized as follows:

	•	ginning Ilance	Addit	ions	Red	luctions	Ending Balance	
Less deferred amounts								
on defeasance	\$	2,195	\$		\$	2,195	\$	-

Note 7 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan description – The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the City. The plan was established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or on the web at http://www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits provided – Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 1.3% to 2.5%. Vesting periods are 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50 with 25 years of service for police personnel and department heads employed prior to September 2011. Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 to 5 years. Member contributions range from 3% to 5%.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the December 31, 2019 valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	64
Inactive employees entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	37
Active employees	<u>55</u>
	156

Contributions – The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded

accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Employer contributions range from 5.77% to 59.25% based on annual payroll for open divisions. Divisions that are closed to new employees have an annual employer contribution amount of 5.77% to 59.25%.

Net pension liability – The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement: 1) Inflation 2.5%; 2) Salary increases 3.0% in the long-term; 3) Investment rate of return of 7.35%, net of investment expense, including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.0% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on a 50% male and 50% female blend of the following tables: the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, with rates multiplied by 105%, the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, and the RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables. The mortality table used to project the mortality experience of disable plan members is a 50% male and 50% female blend of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-

term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target Allocation	Long-Term		Long-term
	Target	Gross Rate	Expected Gross	Inflation	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Of Return	Rate of Return	<u>Assumption</u>	Rate of Return
Global equity	60.00%	8.65%	5.19%	2.50%	3.70%
Global fixed income	20.00%	3.76%	0.75%	2.50%	0.30%
Private investments	20.00%	9.06%	1.81%	2.50%	1.25%
	100%		7.75%		5.25%

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	
Service cost	\$ 278,368
Interest on the total pension liability	1,978,610
Experience differences	598,074
Changes in actuarial assumptions	920,696
Other charges	104,138
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,965,611)
Net change in total pension liability	1,914,275
Total pension liability - beginning	26,877,960
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 28,792,235
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Employer contributions	\$ 966,193
Employee contributions	176,323
Pension plan net investment gain	1,563,189
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,965,611)
Pension plan administrative expense	(26,899)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	713,195
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	11,828,892
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	12,542,087
Net pension liability (a-b)	\$ 16,250,148
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	43.56%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,421,870
Net pension liability as a percentage	
of covered payroll	474.89%

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.6%) or 1% higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
Net pension liability	\$ 19,237,202	\$ 16,250,148	\$ 13,713,361	

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,978,200. The employer reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred		
	O	utflows of	•	Total to
	Resources		Amortize	
Differences in experience	\$	814,806	\$	814,806
Net difference between projected				
and actual earning on plan investments		24,396		24,396
Contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date*		602,657		-
Total	\$ 1	1,441,859	\$	839,202

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2021	\$ 340,219
2022	331,214
2023	307,069
2024	 (139,300)
	\$ 839,202

Note 9 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The City Council offers all government employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The assets of the plans are held in trust by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, John Hancock and Prudential Securities.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description – The City of Flat Rock Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan) is a single employer defined benefit plan that is administered by the City and provides postemployment health, dental and vision benefits to all eligible full-time retired employees and their beneficiaries hired prior to September 2011. The City pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with no contribution required by the participant (other than specific co-pays). The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. The City obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

Benefit provided – The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements. The Plan does not issue a separate standalone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the employer. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit terms.

Contributions – The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and the plan members. The City is on the pay-as-you-go method and does not pre-fund the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City had benefit payments of \$787,340. Plan members are not required to contribute to the Plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2020, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members receiving or	
entitled to future benefits	-
Retirees and beneficiaries	50
Active plan members	15
	65

The OPEB plan is closed to new members.

Total OPEB liability – The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Inflation: Implicit in expected payroll increases.
- Salary increases: 0%.
- Investment rate of return: N/A; plan is not pre-funded.
- 20-year Aa Municipal bond rate: 2.66%
- Mortality: Police and Fire: Public Safety 2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree, headcount weighted Others: Public General 2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree, headcount weighted MP-2018 mortality improvement
- Medical Inflation Rates:
 - Pre-65: 8.25% graded down ultimately to 4.5%
 - Post-65: 6.5% graded down ultimately to 4.5%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Total OPEB Liability

Service cost	\$	158,212
Interest on the total OPEB liability		661,658
Experience differences		2,730,381
Changes in actuarial assumptions		959,173
Benefit payments and refunds		(787,340)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,722,084
Total OPEB liability - beginning		22,290,728
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	26,012,812
Covered payroll	<u>\$</u>	1,170,034
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		2,223.25%

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.0%) or 1% higher (4.0%) than the current discount rate.

		Current									
	_1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	_1	% Increase					
Total OPEB liability	\$	30,368,312	\$	26,012,812	\$	22,405,239					

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (7.25%/5.50%) or 1% higher (9.25%/7.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current									
				Healthcare						
	1	% Decrease	6 Decrease Trend Rates							
Total OPEB liability	\$	22,626,515	\$	26,012,812	\$	30,569,647				

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB – For the year ended June 30, 2020 the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$3,641,475. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred of the sources	Total	Total to Amortize
Differences in experience Differences in assumptions	\$ 1,365,190 700,366	\$	(82,581)	\$ 1,282,609 700,366	\$ 1,282,609 700,366
Total	\$ 2,065,556	\$	(82,581)	\$ 1,982,975	\$1,982,975

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending

June 30,

2020 \$1,982,975

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 12 - COVID-19 Pandemic

As result of the global coronavirus pandemic of 2020, many organizations' financial picture has seen an unanticipated change. The duration and full effects of the outbreak are currently unknown, as the global picture continues to change daily. While management is hopeful that the impact is temporary in nature, a description of known and anticipated circumstances expected to have a significant impact on the City as of the date of management's review is as follows:

<u>Investments</u> – The City currently has no immediate plans to liquidate investments and remains focused on long term appreciation.

Revenues and Liquidity – The City does not foresee significant liquidity issues at this time, however, the effect the pandemic may have on revenues is unknown. As of August 2020 month-end, State of Michigan sales tax collections are down 0.6% year-over-year. The State has indicated that revenue sharing is likely to be flat over the next fiscal year.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> – The City has not experienced any material delays in collection of accounts receivable. However, if the pandemic leads to a protracted recession and such delays occur, the City has sufficient liquidity to effectively mitigate any cash flow issues that could arise.

Additional Expenditures – The City expects to experience increased expenditures during 2021 as a result of covering shifts of symptomatic employees who are unable to report for work, purchasing personal protective equipment and implementing additional safety measures during the pandemic.

<u>Grants</u> – The City expects to receive grant revenues from the CARES Act through the State of Michigan in the amount of approximately \$402,215 in Fiscal Year 2021. Potential grant funds resulting from future Federal aid legislation is also unknown.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			0	Actual ver (Under) Final
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues		<u></u>						
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$ 6	5,251,500	\$	6,286,300	\$	6,295,272	\$	8,972
Penalties and interest	·	31,100	·	31,100	·	32,306	•	1,206
Licenses and permits		133,800		102,300		103,111		811
Federal grants		4,500		114,200		106,588		(7,612)
State shared revenue		976,300		976,300		946,386		(29,914)
State grants		29,000		87,600		91,646		4,046
Local contributions		491,950		491,950		486,071		(5,879)
Charges for services		425,300		446,300		353,819		(92,481)
Fines and forfeitures		542,200		464,200		426,331		(37,869)
Interest income		60,000		25,000		23,507		(1,493)
Rental income		167,100		167,100		163,256		(3,844)
Other revenue		329,600		344,500		421,192		76,692
Sale of fixed assets		87,700		61,000	-	62,435		1,435
Total revenues	9	,530,050		9,597,850		9,511,920		(85,930)
Expenditures								
General government								
Legislative		12,512		12,512		17,621		5,109
Manager		32,162		4,662		2,827		(1,835)
Judicial		511,900		537,900		499,306		(38,594)
Clerk		360,208		352,008		345,383		(6,625)
Treasurer		350,603		329,803		321,244		(8,559)
Assessor		82,261		94,161		92,502		(1,659)
Elections		46,408		59,408		63,375		3,967
Buildings and safety		387,280		369,880		332,993		(36,887)
Attorney		102,000		102,000		106,200		4,200
General operations		452,650		511,350	-	495,836		(15,514)
Total general government	2	2,337,984		2,373,684		2,277,287		(96,397)

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					0	Actual ver (Under)
	 Budgeted	d Amo	ounts			Final
	 Original		Final	 Actual		Budget
Public safety						
Police department	\$ 3,141,965	\$	3,071,015	\$ 2,978,015	\$	(93,000)
Fire department	1,255,068		1,376,118	1,315,606		(60,512)
Building inspection department	 -	-		 1,670		1,670
Total public safety	 4,397,033		4,447,133	 4,295,291		(151,842)
Public works						
Department of public works	 1,619,510		1,564,310	 1,934,842		370,532
Community and economic development						
Planning	6,780		6,780	8,608		1,828
Zoning	 10,915		10,915	 7,777		(3,138)
Total community and economic development	 17,695		17,695	16,385		(1,310)
Recreation and culture						
Parks and recreation	 553,935		522,935	 101,066		(421,869)
Capital outlay	 287,100		355,300	 67,536		(287,764)
Debt service						
Principal retirement	 66,793		66,793	 50,431		(16,362)
Transfers out	 250,000		250,000	 739,915		489,915
Total expenditures and transfers out	 9,530,050		9,597,850	 9,482,753		(115,097)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-		-	29,167		29,167
Fund balance - beginning of year	 1,170,120		1,170,120	 1,170,120		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,170,120	\$	1,170,120	\$ 1,199,287	\$	29,167

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Center Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted Original	I Am	ounts Final		Actual		Actual er (Under) Final Budget
Revenues		Original	-	ı ıııaı		Actual		Budget
Charges for services	\$	1,515,250	\$	1,267,550	\$	866,827	\$	(400,723)
Other state grants	Ψ	19,000	Ψ	19,000	Ψ	12,809	Ψ	(6,191)
Local contributions		-		76,000		76,039		39
Interest income		500		500		488		(12)
Other revenue		1,700		1,700		823		(877)
Total revenues		1,536,450		1,364,750		956,986		(407,764)
Expenditures Current Recreation and culture		1,784,012		1,568,312		1,449,227		(119,085)
Other financing sources Transfers in		250,000		250,000		265,000		15,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,438		(29,562)		(303,673)		(274,111)
Fund balance - beginning of year		7,677		7,677		7,677		
Fund balance - end of year (deficit)	\$	10,115	\$	(21,885)	\$	(295,996)	\$	(274,111)

Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Actuarially Determined Actual Contribution Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2018 2019 2020	\$ 1,991,481 2,572,657 2,776,112	\$	578,941 633,922 787,340	\$ 1,412,540 1,938,735 1,988,772	\$ 1,462,805 1,338,814 1,170,034	39.58% 47.35% 67.29%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date: June 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar of payroll

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-65: 8.25% grade down to an ultimate 4.5%

Post-65: 6.5% grade down to an ultimate 4.5%

Salary increases 0.00% Retirement age 50 to 60

Mortality Police and Fire: Public Safety 2010 Employee and Healthy Retiree,

headcount weighted Others: Public General 2010 Employee and Healthy

Retiree, headcount weighted with MP-2018 improvement scale

Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

Fiscal year ended June 30,	 2020	 2019	2018		
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 158,212	\$ 162,827	\$	192,131	
Interest	661,658	662,938		561,166	
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,730,381	(153,167)		(625,617)	
Changes in assumptions	959,173	-		3,900,463	
Benefit payments	 (787,340)	(633,922)		(578,941)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	3,722,084	38,676		3,449,202	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 22,290,728	 22,252,052		18,802,850	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 26,012,812	\$ 22,290,728	<u>\$</u>	22,252,052	
Covered payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 1,170,034 2,223.25%	\$ 1,338,814 1,664.96%	\$	1,462,805 1,521.19%	

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan Schedule of Employer Contributions

June 30, 2020

Actuarial Valuation Date	D	Actuarially etermined ontribution	 Actual Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2010	\$	571,075	\$ 571,075	\$ -	\$ 3,608,759	15.82%
6/30/2011		559,361	559,361	-	3,141,984	17.80%
6/30/2012		578,096	592,096	(14,000)	3,028,837	19.55%
6/30/2013		560,292	584,292	(24,000)	3,041,091	19.21%
6/30/2014		582,166	606,166	(24,000)	3,082,131	19.67%
6/30/2015		632,534	650,534	(18,000)	3,211,517	20.26%
6/30/2016		734,717	734,717	-	2,979,142	24.66%
6/30/2017		794,184	794,184	-	3,210,773	24.73%
6/30/2018		1,011,342	1,011,342	-	3,350,656	30.18%
6/30/2019		1,054,932	911,101	143,831	3,659,575	24.90%
6/30/2020		1,009,865	1,009,865	-	3,554,040	28.41%

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 6 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age
Amortization method	Level-dollar closed
Remaining amortization period	8-22 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed value of assets
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.35%
Retirement age	60
Mortality	RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Tables - 50% male and 50% female blend
	RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables - 50% male and 50% female blend
	RP-2014 Juvenile Mortality Tables - 50% male and 50% female blend
	RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables - 50% male and 50% female blend

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

Fiscal year ended June 30,		2020		2019		2018	_	2017	_	2016		2015
Total Pension Liability												
Service cost	\$	278,368	\$	293,936	\$	297,216	\$	300,883	\$	305,961	\$	349,449
Interest on the total pension liability		1,978,610		2,005,635		1,941,237		1,877,792		1,770,704		1,763,834
Experience differences		598,074		570,735		323,533		251,255		(377,225)		-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		920,696		-		-		-		1,064,893		-
Other charges		104,138		- (4 004 040)		- (4.070.000)		(3,362)		54,909		- (4.000.400)
Benefit payments and refunds	_	(1,965,611)	_	(1,831,643)	_	(1,679,080)	_	(1,584,281)	_	(1,371,920)	_	(1,303,169)
Net change in total pension liability		1,914,275		1,038,663		882,906		842,287		1,447,322		810,114
Total pension liability - beginning	_	26,877,960	_	25,839,297	_	24,956,391	_	24,114,104	_	22,666,782	_	21,856,668
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	28,792,235	\$	26,877,960	\$	25,839,297	\$	24,956,391	\$	24,114,104	\$	22,666,782
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Employer contributions	\$	966,193	\$	1,328,499	\$	1,011,342	\$	794,184	\$	681,482	\$	650,534
Employee contributions		176,323		343,004		170,853		161,653		206,917		153,807
Pension plan net investment income (loss)		1,563,189		(491,252)		1,494,359		1,211,087		(170,469)		714,400
Benefit payments and refunds		(1,965,611)		(1,831,643)		(1,679,080)		(1,584,281)		(1,371,920)		(1,303,169)
Pension plan administrative expense	_	(26,899)	_	(24,525)		(23,693)	_	(23,942)	_	(25,093)		(26,132)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		713,195		(675,917)		973,781		558,701		(679,083)		189,440
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	11,828,892	_	12,504,809		11,531,028	_	10,972,327	_	11,651,410	_	11,461,970
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	12,542,087		11,828,892		12,504,809		11,531,028	_	10,972,327		11,651,410
Net pension liability (a-b)	\$	16,250,148	\$	15,049,068	\$	13,334,488	\$	13,425,363	\$	13,141,777	\$	11,015,372
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		43.56%		44.01%		48.39%		46.20%		45.50%		51.40%
Covered payroll	\$	3,421,870	\$	3,659,575	\$	3,350,656	\$	3,210,773	\$	2,979,142	\$	3,211,517
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		474.89%		411.22%		397.97%		418.13%		441.13%		343.00%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

			Spe	Revenue Fu				Capital ojects Fund	Debt Service Funds											
		MajorLocalHistoricalStreetStreetDistrictLibraryFundFundFundFund				Other Funds	2015 Construction		2010 Road Improvement			Building Authority Ballfield	<u>C</u>	2015 onstruction		Nonmajor vernmental Funds				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	248,095	\$	26,021	\$	208,206	\$	434,558	\$	7,725	\$	138,921	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,063,526
Taxes Due from other units of government		- 92,764		- 35,927		334		1,612		-		-		-		-		-		1,946 128,691
Due from other funds Prepaid items		2,778		37,105 2,778		- 6		- 51		-		-		-		-		500		37,605 5,613
Total assets	\$	343,637	\$	101,831	\$	208,546	\$	436,221	\$	7,725	\$	138,921	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	500	\$	1,237,381
Liabilities																				
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other funds	\$	8,594 1,037 37,105	\$	2,339 1,399	\$	4,558 - -	\$	5,902 5,307	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	500 - -	\$	21,893 7,743 37,105
Total liabilities		46,736		3,738		4,558	-	11,209		-		-		-	_	_		500		66,741
Fund balances		_																_		
Non-spendable Prepaid items Restricted for		2,778		2,778		6		51		-		-		-		-		-		5,613
Major street Local street		294,123		- 95,315		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		294,123 95,315
Historical district		-		-		203,982		-		-		-		-		-		-		203,982
Library Capital projects		-		-		-		424,961 -		- - 7,725		138,921		-		-		-		424,961 138,921
Other special revenue projects	_	296,901		98,093		203,988		425,012		7,725		138,921								7,725 1,170,640
Total fund balances		290,901	_	90,093	_	200,968	_	420,012		1,125	_	130,821							_	1,170,040
Total liabilities, and fund balances	\$	343,637	\$	101,831	\$	208,546	\$	436,221	\$	7,725	\$	138,921	\$		\$		\$	500	\$	1,237,381

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Spe	cial Revenue Fu	nds		Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Funds					
	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Historical District Fund	Library Fund	Other Funds	2015 Construction	2010 Road Improvement	Building Authority Ballfield	2015 Construction	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues Taxes Federal grants State shared revenue Local contributions Charges for services	\$ - 664,652 153,051	\$ - 257,414 -	\$ 83,015 - - - -	\$ 331,632 - 14,286 -	\$ - 2,992 - - 641	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 414,647 2,992 936,352 153,051 641		
Interest income Other revenue	861	211	803 271	1,745 28,829		608				4,255 29,100		
Total revenues	818,564	257,625	84,089	376,492	3,660	608				1,541,038		
Expenditures Current Public works Community and economic development Library Capital outlay	213,397 - -	515,458 - -	- 77,702 -	- - 331,942 3,450	- 2,736 -	- - - 54,829		- - -	- - -	728,855 80,438 331,942 58,279		
Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- -	- - -	- - -		- - -		190,000 59,293	380,000 27,315	125,000 102,688	695,000 189,296		
Total expenditures	213,397	515,458	77,702	335,392	2,736	54,829	249,293	407,315	227,688	2,083,810		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	605,167	(257,833)	6,387	41,100	924	(54,221)	(249,293)	(407,315)	(227,688)	(542,772)		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	(567,907)	249,701 (90,675)	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	249,293	407,315	227,188	1,133,497 (658,582)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(567,907)	159,026					249,293	407,315	227,188	474,915		
Net change in fund balance	37,260	(98,807)	6,387	41,100	924	(54,221)	-	-	(500)	(67,857)		
Fund balance - beginning of year	259,641	196,900	197,601	383,912	6,801	193,142			500	1,238,497		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 296,901	\$ 98,093	\$ 203,988	\$ 425,012	\$ 7,725	\$ 138,921	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,170,640		

	Date of Maturity	 Amount of Annual Maturity	 Interest	 Interest	 Total
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable					
Building Authority Bond, Series 2006 Date of issue September 2006 amount of issue \$3,415,000 Interest due August 1 and February 1	8/1/2020	\$ 395,000	\$ 9,085	\$ -	\$ 404,085
Capital Improvement Bonds 2010 Limited Tax General Obligation Date of issue September 2010 amount of issue \$2,500,000 Interest due August 1 and February 1	8/1/2020 8/1/2021 8/1/2022 8/1/2023 8/1/2024	\$ 200,000 210,000 225,000 235,000 250,000	\$ 27,300 23,000 17,750 12,125 6,250	\$ 23,000 17,750 12,125 6,250	\$ 250,300 250,750 254,875 253,375 256,250
		\$ 1,120,000	\$ 86,425	\$ 59,125	\$ 1,265,550

Description	Date of Maturity		Amount of Annual Maturity		Interest		Interest		Total
Capital Improvement Bonds	10/1/2020	\$	150,000	\$	49,906	\$	48,312	\$	248,218
2015 Limited Tax General Obligation	10/1/2021	•	150,000	•	48,312	•	46,718	•	245,030
Date of issue May 2015	10/1/2022		150,000		46,718		44,468		241,186
amount of issue \$3,500,000	10/1/2023		150,000		44,468		42,218		236,686
Interest due October 1 and April 1	10/1/2024		175,000		42,218		39,593		256,811
·	10/1/2025		175,000		39,593		36,968		251,561
	10/1/2026		175,000		36,968		33,468		245,436
	10/1/2027		200,000		33,468		29,468		262,936
	10/1/2028		200,000		29,468		25,468		254,936
	10/1/2029		200,000		25,468		21,468		246,936
	10/1/2030		225,000		21,468		17,531		263,999
	10/1/2031		225,000		17,531		13,593		256,124
	10/1/2032		225,000		13,593		9,375		247,968
	10/1/2033		250,000		9,375		4,687		264,062
	10/1/2034		250,000		4,687				254,687
		\$	2,900,000	\$	463,241	\$	413,335	\$	3,776,576
Total bonds and notes payable		\$	4,415,000	\$	558,751	\$	472,460	\$	5,446,211
Installment purchases payable									
Installment Purchase - ambulance	9/14/2020	\$	25,182	\$	5,299	\$	-	\$	30,481
Date of issue September 2018	9/14/2021		26,536		3,945		-		30,481
amount of issue \$132,665	9/14/2022		27,768		2,713		-		30,481
Interest due September 24	9/14/2023		28,727		1,399		-		30,126
		\$	108,213	\$	13,356	\$		\$	121,569
Total governmental activities		\$	4,523,213	\$	572,107	\$	472,460	\$	5,567,780

	Date of Maturity	mount of Annual Maturity	 Interest	 Interest	 Total
Business-type Activities Bonds and notes payable					
South Huron Valley Utility Authority Sewer System Plant Acquisition Bonds Date of issue September 1998 amount of issue \$3,271,516; Flat Rock Share of \$26,615,000 Interest due October 1 and April 1	10/1/2020	\$ 198,163	\$ 2,229	\$ -	\$ 200,392
South Huron Valley Utility Authority 2004 Sewer System Plant Expansion Date of issue April 2004 amount of issue \$2,352,760; Flat Rock Share of \$9,220,000 Interest due October 1 and April 1	4/1/2021 4/1/2022 4/1/2023 4/1/2024 4/1/2025 4/1/2026	\$ 128,866 131,418 133,970 136,521 140,349 142,900	\$ 8,649 7,280 5,883 4,460 3,010 1,517	\$ 8,649 7,280 5,883 4,460 3,010 1,517	\$ 146,164 145,978 145,736 145,441 146,369 145,934
		\$ 814,024	\$ 30,799	\$ 30,799	\$ 875,622
South Huron Valley Utility Authority 2010 Sewer System Improvements Date of issue May 2010 amount of issue \$409,360; Flat Rock Share of \$1,600,000 Interest due November 1 and May 1	5/1/2021 5/1/2022 5/1/2023 5/1/2024 5/1/2025 5/1/2026 5/1/2027 5/1/2028 5/1/2029 5/1/2030	\$ 21,747 20,468 21,747 23,027 24,306 24,306 25,585 29,423 31,981 34,539	\$ 7,598 7,021 6,479 5,903 5,293 4,648 3,874 3,058 2,120 1,101	\$ 7,598 7,021 6,479 5,903 5,293 4,648 3,874 3,058 2,120 1,101	\$ 36,943 34,510 34,705 34,833 34,892 33,602 33,333 35,539 36,221 36,741
		\$ 257,129	\$ 47,095	\$ 47,095	\$ 351,319

Description	Date of Maturity		Amount of Annual Maturity		Interest		Interest		Total
South Huron Valley Utility Authority	4/1/2021	\$	26,928	\$	4,250	\$	4,250	\$	35,428
2011 Sewer System Improvements	4/1/2022	•	27,770	*	3,913	*	3,913	*	35,596
Date of issue April 2011	4/1/2023		28,611		3,566		3,566		35,743
amount of issue \$537,073;	4/1/2024		29,453		3,208		3,208		35,869
Flat Rock Share of \$3,310,000	4/1/2025		30,294		2,840		2,840		35,974
Interest due October 1 and April 1	4/1/2026		31,136		2,461		2,461		36,058
	4/1/2027		31,977		2,072		2,072		36,121
	4/1/2028		32,819		1,672		1,672		36,163
	4/1/2029		32,819		1,262		1,262		35,343
	4/1/2030		33,660		852		852		35,364
	4/1/2031		35,440		433	_	433		36,306
		\$	340,907	\$	26,529	\$	26,529	\$	393,965
South Huron Valley Utility Authority	5/1/2021	\$	59,295	\$	693	\$	693	\$	60,681
2016 Sewer System Improvements	5/1/2022		59,295		578		578		60,451
Date of issue November 2016	5/1/2023		59,295		462		462		60,219
amount of issue \$592,954;	5/1/2024		59,295		347		347		59,989
Flat Rock Share of \$1,880,000	5/1/2025		59,295		231		231		59,757
Interest due November 1 and May 1	5/1/2026		59,297		116		116		59,529
		\$	355,772	\$	2,427	\$	2,427	\$	360,626
Vactor Truck 2017	11/13/2020	\$	24,300	\$	6,093	\$	-	\$	30,393
Date of issue November 2017	11/13/2021		25,068	•	5,325		-	·	30,393
amount of issue \$269,596;	11/13/2022		143,445		4,533				147,978
Interest due November 13		\$	192,813	\$	15,951	\$		\$	208,764
Total business-type activities		\$	2,158,808	\$	125,030	\$	106,850	\$	2,390,688

Description	Date of Maturity		Amount of Annual Maturity		Interest		Interest		Total
Component Units Bonds and notes payable									
Tax Increment Finance Authority									
2015 Limited Tax Development Bonds	10/1/2020	\$	110,000	\$	10,575	\$	8,925	\$	129,500
Date of issue May 2015	10/1/2021		110,000		8,925		7,275		126,200
amount of issue \$1,155,000	10/1/2022		120,000		7,275		5,475		132,750
Interest due October 1 and April 1	10/1/2023		120,000		5,475		3,675		129,150
	10/1/2024		120,000		3,675		1,875		125,550
	10/1/2025		125,000		1,875				126,875
		\$	705,000	\$	37,800	\$	27,225	\$	770,025
Tax Increment Finance Authority	10/1/2020	\$	330,000	\$	50,909	\$	39,441	\$	420,350
Limited Tax Development Bonds Series 2006A	10/1/2021		355,000		39,441		27,105		421,546
Date of issue August 2006	10/1/2022		375,000		27,105		14,074		416,179
amount of issue \$4,270,000	10/1/2023		405,000		14,074		-		419,074
Interest due October 1 and April 1		\$	1,465,000	\$	131,529	\$	80,620	\$	1,677,149
Tax Increment Finance Authority	10/1/2020	\$	355,000	Φ.	34,786	Φ.	26,576	¢	416,362
Limited Tax Development Bonds Series 2006B	10/1/2021	Ψ	360,000	Ψ	26,576	Ψ	18,026	Ψ	404,602
Date of issue August 2006	10/1/2022		375,000		18,026		9,120		402,146
amount of issue \$5,675,000	10/1/2023		380,000		9,120		-		389,120
Interest due October 1 and April 1	10, 1, 2020			_		_			
		\$	1,470,000	\$	88,508	\$	53,722	\$	1,612,230
Total component units		\$	3,640,000	\$	257,837	\$	161,567	\$	4,059,404

Other Supplementary Information Tax Levies in Millage (Unaudited) Last Twenty-Five Years

For the Years Ended June 30,

Fiscal Year	General Fund	Municipal Building Fund	Sewer Debt	Library Fund	Historical District	Police & Fire	Road and Street	Total
1995	13.14	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	13.14
1996	13.14	_	2.86	_	_	_	_	16.00
1997	13.15	_	2.86	_	_	_	_	16.01
1998	13.15	_	2.85	1.00	_	_	_	17.00
1999	13.15	_	2.85	1.00	_	_	_	17.00
2000	13.15	_	2.85	1.00	_	_	_	17.00
2001	13.15	_	-	1.00	_	_	_	14.15
2002	16.25	_	-	1.00	_	_	_	17.25
2003	16.00	_	-	1.00	0.25	_	_	17.25
2004	16.00	_	_	1.00	0.25	_	_	17.25
2005	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2006	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2007	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2008	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2009	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2010	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2011	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2012	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	-	-	17.25
2013	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	1.75	-	19.00
2014	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	1.75	-	19.00
2015	16.00	-	-	1.50	0.25	1.75	-	19.50
2016	16.00	-	-	1.50	0.25	1.75	-	19.50
2017	16.00	-	-	1.50	0.25	1.75	-	19.50
2018	16.00	-	-	1.50	0.25	1.75	-	19.50
2019	16.00	-	-	1.50	0.25	1.75	1.00	20.50
2020	16.00	-	-	1.00	0.25	1.75	1.00	20.00

Other Supplementary Information Water and Sewer Rates (Unaudited) Last Twenty-Five Years

For the Years Ended June 30,

Fiscal Year	Residential Rate	∍ Non-R	esidential Rate	Commercial Ra	ate	Industrial Rate
1995	\$	4.00 \$	4.00	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>
1996		4.00	4.00		-	-
1997		4.00	4.50		-	-
1998		4.00	4.50		-	-
1999		4.00	4.50		-	-
2000		3.60	4.25		-	-
2001		4.00	4.50		-	-
2002		4.00	4.50		-	-
2003		4.00	4.50		-	-
2004		4.00	4.50		-	-
2005		4.50	5.00		-	-
2006		4.50	5.00		-	-
2007		4.50	5.00		-	-
2008		5.00	-		6.50	6.75
2009		5.00	-		6.50	6.75
2010		5.00	-		6.50	6.75
2011		6.00	-		7.50	7.75
2012		6.00	-		7.50	7.75
2013		7.00	-		8.50	8.75
2014		7.00	-		8.50	8.75
2015		7.50	-		9.00	9.25
2016		7.50	-		9.00	9.25
2017		7.50	-		9.00	9.25
2018		8.00	-		9.50	9.75
2019		8.25	-		9.75	10.00
2020		9.00	-		10.50	11.00



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

Management and the Board of Trustees City of Flat Rock, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Flat Rock, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Flat Rock, Michigan's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Flat Rock, Michigan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Flat Rock, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2020-001.

City of Flat Rock's Response to Findings and Corrective Action Plan

City of Flat Rock, Michigan's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Flat Rock, Michigan's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ann Arbor, MI

December 3, 2020

City of Flat Rock Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2020

2020-001 - Material Noncompliance - Unassigned Deficit Fund Balance

Specific requirement: Governments are required to maintain positive unassigned fund balance.

Condition: As of June 30, 2020, the City has an unrestricted unassigned deficit fund balance in the Community Center Fund of \$297,219. The City will file a deficit elimination plan with the State of Michigan at conclusion of the audit.

Cause: The deficit is a result of operating losses that were intensified by the COVID-19 pandemic shutdowns.

Effect: The Community Center Fund has its fund balance in a deficit and the City is required to submit a deficit elimination plan.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a deficit elimination plan and submit it to the State of Michigan as soon as possible. Further, we recommend the City review the fee for service structure for Community Center use to determine if the rates are sufficient to support the funds into the future.

Views of responsible officials: Management agrees a deficit elimination plan must be developed and submitted to the State of Michigan.

Corrective action plan: See attached.





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December 3, 2020

Yeo & Yeo, CPAs 1450 Eisenhower Place Ann Arbor, Michigan 48108

RE: Audit June 30, 2020

Please note the following corrective action plan relating to the material noncompliance in the City's audit as of June 30, 2020.

2020-001 - Material Noncompliance - Deficit Fund Balance

Corrective Action Plan: Management agrees a deficit elimination plan must be in place and has formulated a specific deficit elimination plan. Management believes a transfer of funds from the General Fund to the Community Center Fund will be sufficient to eliminate the deficit in the next year. It will continue to submit to the State of Michigan the required deficit elimination plans.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Very Truly Yours,

Joanne Beard, Treasurer City of Flat Rock, Michigan

MAYOR, Mark Hammond TREASURER/ Joanne Beard CITY CLERK, Shane Harrison ATTORNEY, Matthew A. Zick ASSESSOR, Eric Dunlap, MMAO - WCA, LLC